The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1876. VOL. 89.—NO. 14.

DAILY GAZETTE.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—W. L. Ingalls has been appointed Gauger of the Seventh District of Kentucky.

—The Mahanoy Planes mines will resume to-day. Several other collieries will follow.

—A very severe shock of earthquake was felt at midnight on Saturday night at Chemo, Me.

—The total number of hogs killed this season in Cincinnati is 451,150; in the same time last year, 423,282.

—John Kelly has been re-chosen Chairman of the Executive Committee of Tammany Hall, in New York.

—Hugh Douglass, a farm hand living near Columbus, Ohio, while driving home last Friday night, fell from his wagon and was instantly killed.

—The New York *Sun* says it is rumored that Fitz John Porter will be appointed Superintendent of Police of that city, with the salary raised to $10,000.

—James Erwin, an employe of a distillery at Lockburne, Ohio, while attempting to cross the canal on the ice, last Friday night, fell into the water and was drowned.

—An enthusiastic meeting of the Bowdoin Boat Club, at Brunswick, Me., on Saturday evening, unanimously voted to remain in the association and send a crew to the next Saratoga Regatta.

—A dispatch from Tucson says advices from Sonora confirm the report of revolutionary successes. Twelve towns have pronounced in favor of General Serna. He has a force of 2,000 men.

—Col. J. Holmes Graver, late United States Consul to Italy, is in Columbus, Ohio, to push a suit against the Cincinnati *Enquirer* for twenty thousand dollars special damages before the Supreme Court.

—On the night of the 11th the Southern Overland Express was robbed by American highwaymen between the Rio Mimbres and Rio Grande of $4,000 bullion and a large amount of greenbacks from the passengers.

—The trot at San Francisco on Saturday for the Association plate, $1,000, mile heats, 3 in 5, was contested by Almeda, Maid Lady Thorne and Harry. Maid won the second, third and fifth heats in 2:41, 2:42 and 2:40.

—A serious coasting accident occurred at Bangor, Maine, on Saturday night from a collision of two bob-sleds. One of the boys is in a critical condition. Another has a leg broken in two places, and several other boys and girls were more or less seriously injured.

—The ex-Confederates of Richmond have made arrangements to celebrate the birthday of General Robert E. Lee on the 19th inst. by a public meeting, at which Gov. Kemper will preside, and Capt. J. H. Amden Chamberlin, editor of the Norfolk *Virginian*, will deliver an oration. Arrangements have been made to canvass Richmond for subscriptions to a Lee monument fund.

—In the United States Circuit Court in Mobile, Judge Woods signed a decree vacating the office of Stante and Loomis as trustees and receivers of the Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad. They are required to turn over their accounts on the 1st of February to the new trustees, Hon. David A. Wells, of Connecticut, and Robert H. Smith and W. Smith & W. D. Dunn, of Alabama.

—Balloting for United States Senator was resumed at Frankfort, Ky., on Saturday, the ballot resulting a follows: Beck, 49; Williams, 43; Leslie, 29; Wadsworth, 14. Mr. Beck gained two on his vote of Friday, and Mr. Williams lost two. The ninth ballot resulted: Beck, 50; Williams, 42; Leslie, 29; Wadsworth, 14. The probabilities are that the Democratic caucus, which meets tonight, will make a nomination which will make to-morrow's vote a decisive one. It takes sixty-two to nominate in caucus, and seventy to elect in joint ballot.

—The preparations for the approaching carnival in Memphis are on a more extensive scale than ever before, and those who profess to know assert that Monsieur Noun, a famous costumer of Paris, will again furnish the costumes and pageantry, and that it will surpass anything ever witnessed on this continent. Among the new features this year will be a grand coronation ball at the Opera House the night before the carnival under the auspices of the Ulks. The railroads and steamboats will convey visitors to and from the carnival at one-half fare.

MOODY AND SANKEY.

Three Largely Attended Meetings in Philadelphia Yesterday—The Interest in the Revival Increasing.

PHILADELPHIA, January 16.—At the 8 A. M. Moody and Sankey meeting the immense building was crowded. Moody preached on "Forgiveness" and a number of other subjects. He showed what the churches could do, and advised all young converts to join the Young Men's Christian Association, which he believed a great help to the churches. He said the religious work now going on in this city had been more encouraging than he had seen elsewhere.

Fourteen thousand women attended the afternoon meeting, and thousands were turned away, unable to get in. Moody preached on the word "Trust." This word, in the Old Testament, was the same as "Believe" in the New Testament. The inquiry rooms were crowded after the services.

There was another immense gathering of men to-night. Many prominent people sat on the stage. Moody preached the same sermon as in the afternoon. The inquiry rooms were packed with penitents.

A Christian Convention will be held in the Tabernacle on Wednesday and Thursday to consider the best means of carrying on the present religious movement.

Female Flunkeyism.

[From the Boston Globe.]

The occasional flunkeyism of masculine correspondents at Washington who are elated beyond measure if some high functionary pays them a little casual attention, is offensive enough, but they do not offend often in that way. As a rule they are very sensible fellows, and are so accustomed to a near view of notables and know so much of their history and their social as well as official relations, that they have little disposition to go into ecstacies if one does but nod upon them. But the discarded occupation of Jenkins, who has grown sensible, has been taken up by the "lady correspondents" who now infest the capital.

One of those gushing misses, who writes to a Western paper and refers to it in the plural, as if were a score at least, was made so perfectly happy on New Year's eve and the day following that she went right off and put her feelings into two columns of fine print of the most saccharine description. She had "happened in" in the most casual way in the world at the residence of General Cowan, Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and "by rare favor" she was shown into his nursery. The near little baby was cooing and crowing in its father's stalwart arms, and his "sweet wife"—the General's, we presume, and not the baby's—was standing at his side. It was certainly a most remarkable situation. Nothing like it was ever seen in any humbler abode. The "white-robed baby," quoth the delighted correspondent, "took me literally by the ear and told me a little more than I had known before about the rich, deep heart of the home life which springs up about this man of many cares." A "rich, deep heart" is rather an odd thing to be springing up about a man, but then they have queer ways in Washington. Then the seeker after scenes to gush over moved on to the "stately drawing-rooms of the house that I call sweet home," where they were having a dance. She tells us about the "nice elderly Congressmen" that she had the joy of sitting by, the "statesmanlike face" of the Commissioner of Patents, and the charms of the "lovely girl" who is pension agent at Chicago. We presume all this was very interesting to the readers of the "papers" to which it was sent, but to us it seems like the most sickening of flunkeyism and all the worse for coming from a woman.

Political Economy on the Street.

The Boston *Times* has the following: Disappointed creditor—"This is the fourth time, sir, you have promised me that little bill you owe me. I can't take promises, sir."

Tranquil debtor—"If I pay you the greenbacks you wouldn't have anything but promises—United States

Non-plussed creditor—"I'll be paid sometime

Tranquil debtor—"Good-by, Mr. Smith

FIRST EDITION.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Another Amnesty Bill to be Introduced in Congress To-day.

Election Troubles in South Carolina.

The Laws to be Rigidly Enforced in Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, January 15, 1876.

On a Tour of Inspection.

The House Committee on Appropriations this afternoon visited the various Government institutions in the District of Columbia for which appropriations are asked.

South Carolina Election Troubles.

The House Committee on Elections today heard an argument in support of the assertion that the Third Congressional District of South Carolina is not legally entitled to representation, because not wholly constituted of continuous territory. One of the seven counties, which it comprises, does not touch any of the remaining six. No argument was submitted in behalf of Mr. Hoge, the sitting member. It was suggested that the question raised bears upon the validity of the claims of all other South Carolina representation, as it would appear the State has not been properly districted and the present Legislature will have to redistrict it and order new elections.

The committee subsequently examined a map of South Carolina, and it shows that one of the counties of the Third Congressional District is separated by twenty-five miles from the others, and clearly violative of the act of Congress. The committee will inquire into the manner of passing the act of apportionment by the Legislature, and if satisfied it was done to prevent proper representation, Congressman Hoge will be unseated. The question of unseating other members from that State is not before the committee.

Suspended Pension Cases.

Secretary Chandler has appointed a commission to examine into suspended pension cases, and to direct payment wherever no actual fraud barred the grant of the pension.

WASHINGTON, January 16, 1876.

Another Amnesty Bill.

It is said in Congressional circles that when the State of Mississippi will be called in the House of Representatives to-morrow, Representative Lynch will introduce an Amnesty bill, when an opportunity will be afforded to vote directly on the question whether Jefferson Davis be excluded from its provisions. It was the intention of Representative Cox to prepare an Amnesty bill affording a similar vote, but he has not yet prepared it, as the State of New York may not be called for bills and resolutions.

The Troubles in Louisiana.

Representations having been made to the President that the laws of the United States are obstructed in several parishes in Louisiana, United States District Attorney Beckwith will be instructed through the Department of Justice to bring illegal combinations, as well as individual offenders, to trial under the Enforcement act. The President expressed a determination to preserve public order to the extent of his constitutional power. There are three companies of cavalry and one of infantry in Louisiana, but there is no probability of the use of military to aid the civil authorities. Mr. Pinchback will again be in Washington this week to urge action by the Senate on his claim to a seat.

NEW YORK.

A "Herald" Third Term Rumor.

NEW YORK, January 16, 1876.

Third Term Rumor.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch gives a rumor that ex-Governor Morgan, of New York, has a letter in his possession from General Grant, in which the President, in direct and explicit language, declares himself opposed to a third term, and asserts positively that he will refuse a renomination. The correspondent, however, says it is impossible to trace the rumor to an authentic source.

A Discrepancy Explained.

It is stated that the Committee on Expenditures of the Treasury on Saturday found items of $250,000 shortage in the Printing and Engraving Division. Superintendent McCartee stated to the committee that this discrepancy was occasioned by the Appropriation Committee of last Congress, which compelled him to change the manner of printing the red seal on the currency from machine to hand work, making an additional expense of more than $250,000.

Plymouth Church.

Immediately after the sermon this morning in Plymouth Church, the committee to make arrangements for an advisory council met, and it is said decided to invite all the churches invited to take part in the mutual council except those of Storrs and Buddington, which are considered hostile.

Garrotting in Daylight.

At ten o'clock Annie M. Whaley, of Brooklyn, was garrotted and robbed while passing through Water street, in that city, by two ruffians.

THE WHISKY FRAUDS.

Verdict in the McGriff Case in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, January 15.—The jury in the McGriff case returned a sealed verdict this morning of guilty on nine counts, and not guilty on three. The defendant is found guilty on the third count as Internal Revenue Gauger of having accepted and received from John W. Bingham and Gordon B. Bingham as distillers the sum of $500 as a bribe with intent to have his action as such officer in reference to the business of said Binghams influenced thereby. The fourth count charges that the defendant as Internal Revenue Gauger made a certain false and fraudulent gauge of certain distilled spirits of the Binghams, in this that as such gauger he inspected, proved and gauged fifty casks of rectified spirits for said Binghams, containing in fact 4,107 proof gallons, and having so gauged said spirits, he falsely reported said fifty packages to the Collector of the First District of Indiana as containing 2,146 proof gallons only. The fifth count alleges that the Binghams removed from their distillery to a place other than that provided by law a certain quantity of distilled spirits on which tax had not been paid, and the defendant, being Internal Revenue Gauger, had knowledge and information of this fact, but failed to report it. The sixth count charges the Binghams with having caused certain stamped packages of distilled spirits to be emptied of their contents without destroying or obliterating the stamps thereon, and that the defendant, as Revenue Gauger, being cognizant of the offense, failed to report it to the Collector of the district. The ninth count alleges that the Binghams carried on the business of distillers with intent to defraud the United States of taxes on the spirits distilled by them, and that the defendant having knowledge and information of this offense, failed to report the same to the Collector of the First District. The tenth count sets forth conspiracy and collusion on the part of the Binghams and the defendant to defraud the United States of taxes imposed by law on spirits distilled by the Binghams while the defendant was an Internal Revenue Gauger.

A DROWNING MYSTERY.

A Colored Woman Drowned in the Ohio River—Conflicting Statements—Disappearance of One of the Witnesses.

LOUISVILLE, January 16.—The body of Amanda Adams, colored, was discovered in the Ohio river at Jeffersonville to-day. At the Coroner's inquest it was developed that she was drowned at the wharf last Wednesday, though whether by foul means or accident was not learned. A colored woman, Anna Downs, swore at the inquest that she was with Adams on Wednesday night at the river, and that one Jno. Mays purposely pushed her into the water. Mays stated that Downs and Adams were on the wharf on Wednesday before midnight, and that he, from a position on some lumber floats near by, heard a splash in the water, and saw one woman, who he subsequently ascertained was Downs, running away. The jury did not consider Downs' evidence worthy of belief, therefore did not order Mays' arrest. Another negro, whose name is Redding, was with Mays at the time of the occurrance. Neither he nor Mays informed the authorities of the drowning until twenty-four hours afterwards, and now Redding is missing. The mystery has produced much excitement.

The Centennial Mine.

LARAMIE, W. T., January 15.—One hundred ounces of gold and a lot of ore from the famous Centennial Lode was sent to the United States mint at Denver. It is reported that the [illegible] ver.

CAPITAL SKETCHES.

Dinner Parties for the Old and Dancing for the Young.

The Absurdity of the Expression "Coming Out"—Receptions Commenced—Little "Swells" and "Belles"—Attractive Girls.

(From the Cincinnati Gazette.)

The season for dinner parties has arrived, and to how many is it the saddest period of the year! To sit for hours on chairs uncomfortably padded with etiquette, with punctilliousness for a host, and ceremony robbing you of your appetite, while your *vis-a-vis* may be your most uncompromising enemy, and your right hand neighbor uncongenial and barren of attractions! But these are only some of the drawbacks incident to the age which Shakespeare describes as with "fat capons lined;" and those on the thither side of life must make up their minds to pass many hours of fashionable torture in elegant *salles a manger*, while delightful *jenneres* is disporting its wings to the notes of the horn and bassoon. Tuesday evening the President gave a dinner to the Cabinet, while the latter portion of the previous week Mrs. Grant invited some of the young ladies and gentlemen to meet her two sons, Ulyss, (as he is familiarly called), and Jesse, who have been at home for a short time during the holidays. Ulysses is practicing law in Boston, with a classmate for partner, while Jesse is still a verdant-looking, inelegant school-boy. At a German the other evening, I was amused to notice the enthusiasm with which Jesse entered into the dancing, whenever he was offered the opportunity. Regardless of head or heels, he rushed around with the velocity of a diminutive whirlwind, with a veritable Grecian bend in position, and a most hippity-hop movement. But thorough enjoyment was written on every feature of his honest, homely face, and that was enough to cancel his sins of unfledged awkwardness.

To-night Secretary Chandler gives a dinner to the President and Mrs. Grant, and has invited the Cabinet to meet them. It will undoubtedly be an elegant affair, as Mrs. Chandler knows so well how to preside with elegance and dignity. She is, in my estimation, a much more elegant woman than Mrs. Fish, and certainly possesses a more attractive personelle. Mrs. Fish could not possibly be denominated handsome by her most devout worshipers, and has a stout matronly, but by no means graceful figure. Then, again, she does not dress in thoroughly good taste, inasmuch as her toilettes are inclined toward too much trimming, and are a trifle too young for one of her years, position, and dignity. Mrs. Chandler has a face of more pretensions to beauty, which, however, loses its greatest charm from its severity of expression. It is uncompromising and unsympathetic, and in the latter characteristic resembles Mrs. Fish. Mrs. Chandler has, however, a tall, straight, striking figure, which, although not at all willowy or supple, is commanding, and she dresses with great elegance and taste.

Some one was speaking of the Secretary's peculiar-looking nose, which is so startlingly white, in comparison with their rather rubicund complexion, that it provokes very unfavorable comment. A gentleman friend vouchsafed to explain the cause, by saying that while his daughter was a child in some way her clothing caught fire, and in his efforts to extinguish the flames and save the child's life, he severely burned his face, and his nose retains the scars as mementoes of the fearful incident.

Last week, there was a perfect shower of parties given to that element of society denominated "not yet out," in fashionable parlance. After the Redferns, to which I have before alluded, came the Rays German, danced by twenty couples in fancy costumes. The favors given really quite eclipsed those ever before given. There were gold lockets set with precious stones, bangles, sashes, banners with "Happy New Year, Lelia," emblazoned thereon, and various other articles of more or less value. In addition to these two, already mentioned, were Germans given by Marshal Sharp to his son Alex; and by Secretary Belknap to his son, home for the holidays, and a lovely party of the same nature on Georgetown Heights. The schoolgirls and boys, with praiseworthy vivacity, attended each and all of these entertainments, which began early, and lasted until late, and yet their mammas continually assert the children must be held back, for they'll not "be out" for two years to come! In some places the term may be applicable, but it is a phrase utterly null and void of sense here, for society people are "out" as soon as they learn to dance. It is a long series of feeds and balls and parties, from ten till age stiffens the joints and the feet grow heavy with their burden of years. The only variation is, the people when very young, the entire circle has an odor of broad and buttered, but when the prescribed "sweet sixteen" has been reached they are introduced to the older element of society, "only this and nothing more." The children here never seem endowed with that unaffected simplicity and naturalness so charming to their period of existence, but are miniature "belles" and "swells." Said a stripling of some fourteen the other evening, when asked why he always selected the grown young ladies to dance with whenever opportunity offered: "Well, you know, most of the boys prefer the *little* girls, and, of course, they have plenty of attention, but they are rather too gushing for me, and I don't like to see the young ladies neglected for pianfores, so I think that perhaps they would prefer dancing with me to sitting still, and feeling like wall-flowers." And off he went with some "young lady" nearly twice his height, but he managed to guide her through the intricacies of tulle and tartatan with marvellous skill. On New Years this precocious youth left his card on all the "grown-ups," leaving the despised "gushers" to the tender mercies of his weaker-minded confreres. At one house, while conversing in a most self-possessed manner with several young ladies, he bowed most elegantly in making his adieus, and said: "Ladies, may Centennial happiness be yours," which saying has been quoted as the *bon mot* of the season. The little girls flirt with amazingly mature facility, and the little boys play the party of Tiny Trin gallants. Such is Young America at the Capital.

Yesterday the regular Cabinet receptions commenced, and, as the day was bright and clear, carriages and promenaders were out in full force. At one house the calls amounted to over 300, between the hours of two and half-past four. Ices, cake, coffee and shaking hands twice with over two hundred persons in one afternoon! Mrs. Bristow and Mrs. Jewell will not give evening parties or receptions this winter, as their houses are not large enough to accommodate the throng which such occasions call together; and, undoubtedly, they are glad of any excuse which relieves them of any additional labors.

Judge Jewell's daughter is here this winter, a very sweet-faced girl, with quiet, unpretending manners, and refined and intelligent. Those who are fortunate enough to see much of her pronounce her very charming.

Mrs. General Paul is expecting her pretty niece, Miss Bainbridge, to visit her again this winter, and it will be very welcome to welcome the pretty, dark, soft eyes and lovely complexion of the petite *Kentuckeine*.

Miss Stewart, daughter of Mrs. Elijah Ward, of New York, is confessed to be one of the loveliest young ladies in "our society" this winter. She is gifted with an ineffable charm of manner, in addition to a beautiful face, cultivated voice in singing, and various other accomplishments.

Marine News.

NEW YORK, January 15.—Arrived—The steamers France, from London, Rotterdam, from Rotterdam, and City of Richmond, from Liverpool.

LONDON, January 15.—The steamships Parthia and Dorrian, from New York, have arrived out.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Arrived—The steamers Dakota, from Liverpool, Baltic, from Liverpool, Hohenstauffen, from Bremen, and Navarino, from Hull.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 16.—The steamer Salier, from New York, has arrived.

THE NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.

Some Facts in Regard to the Route, &c.

The New Castle *Guardian* of Friday says: "While at New Castle, yesterday, a legal gentleman from this city met Mr. Bird, the engineer of the Pittsburgh & Northwestern Railroad Company, and Mr. Burgh, the attorney of the same, from whom he learned the following interesting facts in connection with the same: The road is now located to within two miles of New Castle. They are now working on the greater part of the distance located. It is thought that they will commence work between this city and New Castle inside of a month. They propose running on the low-path as far this way as the State line, and then locate the road along side of it from there, thus avoiding the much litigated tow-path from here to the State line. They have found the grade much better than they expected between New Castle and Pittsburgh. The maximum grade over the whole line will not exceed sixty feet to the mile, which is considerably less than the Pennsylvania Company's road. While they were fighting with Tom Scott in regard to a terminus in Allegheny, they slipped over and secured a fine terminus in Pittsburgh, near the centre of the city, which is far better than the one they were working for in Allegheny. But this necessitated a change of the survey and a delay of some considerable time, as they would have been working [illegible] section are this."

SECOND EDITION.

FOREIGN ADVICES.

Labor Troubles in Great Britain

Elections in France Yesterday.

The Sultan of Turkey Disposed to Take Advice.

Spain's Reply to the American Circular on Cuban Affairs.

SPAIN.

Amnesty.

MADRID, January 15.—The Government will grant amnesty to many persons in prison or in exile on the occasion of the anniversary of Alfonso's entry into Madrid.

Cuban Affairs.

NEW YORK, January 16.—The *Herald's* Madrid special reports that the Spanish Government sent out a diplomatic note in reply to the American circular on Cuban affairs. The reply is quite belligerent in tone, and takes high grounds on all questions raised by the United States. The note declares that the commerce between Cuba and the United States has not suffered to an appreciable extent by the insurrection. Instead of having been diminished, it has in reality increased, and is constantly increasing, so that the United States Government had no occasion for complaint and no tenable ground for its proposed action or interference in the affairs or troubles existing in Cuba. Attention is also called to the fact that many American citizens have established themselves in business on the island, and being unmolested by the Spanish Government, have gained large individual fortunes. These fortunes have not added to the material wealth of the island, being entirely in foreign hands. The territory of the United States is a constant refuge for Cuban outlaws, who are permitted to hatch conspiracy and the detriment and injury of the Spanish Government. In this the laws of nations are outraged. All just and equitable claims between the United States and Cuba have been amicably and fully satisfied, even as in Courts of adjustment. Therefore there can be no cause for complaint on that source. The Spanish note is believed to be the work of Senor Jovellar.

The Political Campaign.

MADRID, January 16.—The Government has sanctioned public meetings and other electoral proceedings in favor of Castellar at Valencia and Carvajal. At Malaga meetings in favor of the election of other prominent Republicans have also been authorized, and very few abuses of the privilege are reported. The Government leaves a clear field to all candidates professing monarchial or other solid views. It has seized copies of a proclamation issued by some Bishops, stigmatizing the candidates for the Cortes as impious if they do not uphold religious utterances.

Military Operations.

LONDON, January 17.—A dispatch from St. Jean De Lees to the *Times* reports that Gen. Moriones advanced from San Sebastian, capturing the heights of Arratsain, and silencing the Carlist artillery. Important operations were momentarily expected.

FRANCE.

Honors to an American.

PARIS, January 15.—John Lathrop Motley has been elected Foreign Associate of the Academy of Moral and Political Science.

Supporting the Republic.

The electoral addresses of almost all Senatorial candidates in general terms support the republic and President MacMahon.

The Elections.

PARIS, January 16.—Elections for delegates to choose Senators were held to-day throughout France. The Municipal Council elected Victor Hugo as their delegate, and M. Spuller, editor of the *La Republique Francaise*, a substitute delegate. The returns indicate that a majority of the delegates elected in the Department of the Seine are Moderate Republicans and the minority Radicals.

The Republican Deputies and Department and Municipal Councilors have called a meeting of Senatorial delegates on Monday for the purpose of deciding upon a definite test of candidates for the Senate in the Department of Seine. This list will certainly contain the names of Victor Hugo, Louis Blanc and Peyrat. Full returns from the departments are not expected for several days. The delegates elected in Valencia and neighborhood are Radicals. The Prefects of the several departments issued proclamations ordering that the freedom of elections be respected.

Gambetta in Marseilles.

Gambetta arrived yesterday in Marseilles, where arrangements are being made to give him a banquet.

President MacMahon's Proclamation.

LONDON, January 16.—Paris advices state that President MacMahon's proclamation has fallen flat. The Republican newspapers, which were expected to greet it with sharp criticisms, appear, with the exception of a few Bonapartist journals, delighted with the recognition of the Republic, and appeal for a fair trial of constitutional laws. At the Bourse it produced no effect, and in political circles the prevalent opinion is that it leaves things where they were. Satisfaction is generally felt at the adjustment of the ministerial crisis, but it is utterly devoid of enthusiasm.

LONDON, January 17.—The Paris correspondent of the *Times*, reporting the results of the elections for Senatorial delegates, says in fifty towns forty-two Republicans and eight Conservatives have been elected. Of these seven conservatives and Montpelier Radicals. This does not influence the result, as every Commune, small or large, elects one delegate. The delegates chosen by the large towns are merely a drop in the rural ocean.

PARIS, January 16—Midnight.—A majority of the Senatorial delegates elected in the Departments of the Seine et Marne, Finistere, Vienne and Allier are Conservatives.

TURKEY.

The Peace Movement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, January 15.—The powers have relinquished their intention of making a collective communication to the Porte on the basis of Count Andrassy's scheme for reform in the dissatisfied provinces. The ambassadors now confine themselves to oral and friendly communications of counsel and propositions, to which the Porte is disposed to listen.

Count Andrassy's Note.

VIENNA, January 16.—Count Andrassy's note mentions several reforms as urgent. Of these the principal are the establishment of equality of all religious denominations, alteration of the system of taxation, and changes in the administration of justice, especially the acceptance of evidence in Christian courts. The note proposes the establishment of a commission composed of equal numbers of Christians and Turks as an effective guarantee of the execution of the reforms. It intimates that some time may possibly be required before the execution of the proposed charges in reference to the Agrarian question and some other points is practicable.

Servian Legislation.

BELGRADE, January 16.—The Skuptschina has impeached all members of Maimodic's Cabinet for allowing the expenditures to exceed the amount authorized by the Budget.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The International Regatta at Philadelphia.

LONDON, January 15.—It is said that in order that any English or Irish University may accept the invitation to contest in the international college boat race in America, it is indispensable that the day be fixed considerably later than that proposed (July 19). It is highly probable that England will be represented by two other crews besides the universities at the international regatta at Philadelphia at the end of August.

Labor Troubles.

Six hundred weavers of the Lower Heyes Mills, at Macclesfield, have been locked out in consequence of a disagreement between the proprietors and the Secretary of the Weavers' Union.

A portion of the North Wales collieries have again struck for higher wages.

The Iron Wade Employes' Association have voted to resist any attempt by the masters or their societies to restrict piece work in the shops. The lock-out recommended by the Executive Committee will not be resorted to at present, as such lock-out would throw out of employment 70,000 men.

Amnestation of the Island of Crete.

LONDON, January 17.—A Vienna telegram to the *Daily News* states that the British Vice Consul in Crete has received numerous intimations from influential inhabitants that they are in favor of the annexation of the Island by Great Britain. The Greek party, which receives its instructions from Athens, opposes the movement, and there is much agitation. It is in consequence of this state of affairs that the Porte reappointed Raouf Pasha to the Governorship of the island, with enlarged powers.

Challenge Accepted.

LONDON, January 17.—The English National Rifle Association have accepted the challenge of the Rifle Association of America to compete in a match for the championship of the world during the Centennial.

GERMANY.

Amendment to the Criminal Code.

BERLIN, January 15.—It is said a select committee of Parliament to whom the proposed amendment to the Criminal Code was referred has resolved upon direct opposition to the Government, and to favor jury trial for all press offences.

Purchase of Railways.

Owing to the opposition of some of the smaller States, the Government has for the present limited the scheme for purchasing all railways to Prussia.

An Additional Clause for the Penal Code.

LONDON, January 17.—A telegram from Berlin to the *Post* asserts that Prince Bismarck is personally drafting an additional clause for the Penal Code against crimes like that of Thomas at Bremerhaven.

RUSSIA.

General Kaufmann.

ST. PETERSBURG, January 16.—A report is published that General Kaufmann, who is here, will not return to Turkestan.

Obituary.

Admiral Kiabbe, Minister of Marine, is dead, and Vice Admiral Lessoweki has been appointed his successor.

AUSTRIA.

A Heavy Loan.

LONDON, January 17.—A Vienna dispatch to the *Standard* announces that the Cisleithan Government has concluded a loan of 40,000,000 guilden with the Credit Anstalt.

ITALY.

The Persecuted Archbishops.

ROME, January 16.—The Vatican has instructed the Archbishops of Cologne and Treves to endeavor to find means of preventing deposition from their Sees.

Death of Mrs. Andrew Johnson.

MEMPHIS, January 16.—A special from Greensville, Tenn., says the widow of ex-President Andrew Johnson died there last night at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Patterson. She had never fully recovered from the shock caused by the sudden death of her husband.

THE REFORM SCHOOL.

That Investigation—An Interesting Comparison.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

In the report of the investigation of the charges made against the management of the Reform Scoool, I notice the following: "He (Mr. Avery) had always been ready to resign if he thought he was not giving satisfaction. He had often asked the clerk, Mr. Ross, if he thought he was not giving satisfaction, and had expressed to him a willingness to resign if he was not. He desired Mr. Ross to be called to confirm this."

Mr. Ross was then called and corroborated the part of Mr. Avery's statement referring to him."

On reading the above I was forcibly reminded of the last interview between the Archbishop and Gil Blas, and, as Mr. Ross has probably read it with profit, and some of your readers may not have, I will with your consent give the latter part of that celebrated conversation:

"*Archbishop*—I know thy sincerity Gil Blas. And now tell me plainly hast thou not heard the people make some remarks upon my late homilies?

Gil Blas—Your homilies have always been admired; but it seems to me that the last did not appear to have had so powerful an effect upon the audience as former ones.

Arch.—How, sir! has it met with any Antarchina?

Gil B.—No, sir; by no means. Such works as yours are not to be criticised; everybody is charmed with them. Nevertheless, since you have laid your injunctions upon me to be free and sincere, I will take the liberty to tell you that your last discourse, in my judgment, has not altogether the energy of your other performances. Did you not think so, sir, yourself?

Arch.—So, then, Mr. Gil Blas, this piece is not to your taste?

Gil B.—I don't say so, sir; I think it excellent, although a little inferior to your other works.

Arch.—I understand you. You think I flag, don't you? Come, be plain; you believe it is time for me to think of retiring.

Gil B.—I should not have been so bold as to speak so freely, if your grace had not commanded me. I do not more, therefore, than obey you; and I most humbly beg that you will not be offended at my freedom.

Arch.—God forbid! God forbid that I should find fault with it. I don't at all take it ill that you should speak your sentiments; it is your sentiment itself only, that I find bad. I have been most egregiously deceived in your narrow understanding.

Gil. B.—Your grace will pardon me for obeying—

Arch.—Say no more, my child; you are yet too raw to make proper distinctions. Be it known to you, I never composed a better homily than that which you dispprove; for my genius, thank Heaven, hath as yet lost nothing of its vigor. Henceforth I will make a better choice of a confidant. Go, go, Mr. Gil Blas, and tell my treasurer to give you a hundred ducats, and may Heaven conduct you with that sum! Adieu, Mr. Gil Blas! I wish you all manner of prosperity, with a little more taste."

J.

Everybody Should be Careful to give prompt attention and rational treatment to a severe Cold—or a racking Cough—as these are commonly the chief primary symptoms of a disordered state of the Lungs, involving a tendency to develop into a settled Consumption. Persons of a delicate constitution, or those having weak or unsound Lungs, should be especially solicitous to treat the earliest symptoms of a Cold in order to head off more dangerous complications; promptly keep in mind, therefore, Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, that you may administer at once a judicious curative during the first stages of any Throat or Lung disorder, for not only are special symptoms of these complaints more promptly and easily controlled them, but the general strength and tone of the system has not had time to be seriously affected, and is therefore more amenable to the recuperative and healing properties of the Expectorant. A little attention to what may seem a trifling Cold may save you from the fate of a lingering Consumptive.

MORE ROBBERIES.

The Latest Operations in Allegheny.

The latest operations of the industrious Allegheny burglars are as follows:

On Friday night Marshal's grocery store on the New Brighton road, in Pleasant Valley was entered by breaking open a window-shutter on the side of the house and then raising the window. The thieves carried off a lot of tobacco, cigars, a box of cocoa-candy and some other articles.

As there was no person in the house at the time the thieves had it all their own way.

On the same evening the residence of Jno. Crider, on Jackson street near Shield's alley, was entered and three overcoats stolen, one of which belonged to Mr. Geo. Smith, a friend who was staying with Mr. Crider. On Saturday morning Mr. Smith, feeling that he must have an overcoat, went to a pawn shop on Wylie avenue and bought one there. On going to Mr. Crider's house that gentleman at once recognized it as being his overcoat, which he also stolen during the night. The other two coats were not recovered.

On Saturday afternoon some person entered the office of Alderman Crist, in the Sixth ward, and carried off the account books. Some valuable papers also were destroyed. An attempt was also made to chisel open the door of the safe, but it was unsuccessful.

On Saturday evening the residence of Mr. Meredith, at the corner of Resacca street and Benton alley, was entered during the absence of the family and a gold watch, gold necklace, and other articles, valued in all at about $100, were carried off. The house was left in the greatest confusion.

Early yesterday morning burglars entered the residence of Mr. Ellis C. Thorne, on Grant avenue, near Western avenue, by forcing open a basement door. They seem to have taken their time to it when they were inside, as they gathered up a lot of gold silver spoons and forks, some other silverware and two overcoats. The robbery was not detected until in the morning when the servant girl first made the discovery. In all, about $200 worth of articles were taken.

Besides the above burglaries and robberies the residence of Mr. Thomas Boyd, on Robinson street, was entered, but nothing except a market basket was stolen. A number of hides were also stolen from a tannery on Butchers' run.

The Adornment of Women.

We must admire the flower of gay and beautiful hue, the bird of brilliant and varied plumage, and the woman who adorns her natural charms by those of dress. To dress well is a mark of an elegant and refined taste, and adds to the comforts and pleasures of society as well as the individual. These reflections are the result of an inspection of the new and desirable fabrics and fine qualities of Dress Goods in store, and offered at bottom prices, by Messrs. Boggs & Buhl of 128 Federal street, Allegheny City. Their assortment of dress goods, which is new, large and complete, and selling much lower than prices have ruled heretofore, embraces not only medium qualities of goods, but those of extra value as well, among which may be mentioned Alpacas, Mohairs, Cashmeres and Merinos of extra good material and manufacture, with suiting cloth of every grade and quality. Black and colored dress silks in all the new and fashionable shades and offered at the very lowest prices. Ladies, be pleased to profit by a visit to Messrs. Boggs & Buhl's Dress Goods Emporium, 128 Federal street, Allegheny City.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

John McCullough, the famous California tragedian, commences a week's engagement this evening, opening in *Richard III.*, the character in which Barry Sullivan achieved his greatest success in this city. Mr. McCullough is no stranger here. His impersonations of last winter still lovingly linger in the memory. "Othello" is the play for to-morrow night.

Library Lectures.

Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, a lecturess who is held in high esteem by Pittsburghers, lectures to-morrow evening in Library Hall on "Superfluous Women. "She is eminently practical in all she says and seems to be on the right side of every question affecting the well being of the individual, the family and society in general. She adores the true mother as standing next to divinity. Her tribute of praise to the true husband, and her adoration of the mother who bears and rears children surpasses anything of the kind we ever heard." It is hardly necessary to say much about Mrs. Livermore. She is too well known and too great a favorite here to need praise or commendation.

Charity Concert.

The following is the programme of the Charity concert to be given next Thursday evening at Library Hall for the benefit of the new Relief Society:

Part I.—1. Overture, Flotow, Great Western Band. 2. Trio, "The Mariners," Miss Wallace and Messrs. Becht and Boehm, 3. Etude, Gottschalk, Ea Campbalia, Miss Zoe Swisshelm. 4. Vocal solo, Miss Colville. 5. Rondo, opus 16, Chopin, Faust, Julia Rive; poem, Mr. J. N. Gotthold.

Part II.—1. Overture—Themes from the Bohemian girl, Great Western Band. 2. Recitell, from Lucca, Misses Colville and Hughes, and Messrs. Brecht, Boehme, Bussman, Huntington. 3. Transcription, Taussig, Rhapsedie Honquise, No. 2 Liszt, Miss Julia Rive. 4. Vocal solo, Miss Jean Wallace. 5. Violin solo, Ben Bolt, M. F. Zitterbart, Jr., with accompaniment by Great Western Band. 6. Duett, from Stradella, Messrs. Brecht and Boehme.

The Poultry Show.

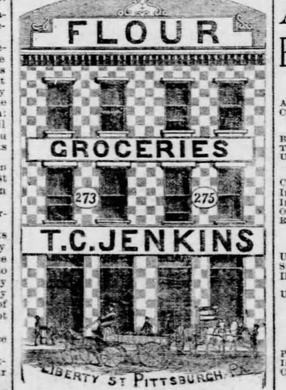
The exhibition of poultry of nearly every class, rabbits, pigeons, dogs, &c., at old City Hall, has not yet closed. It was attended last week by large crowds daily, and all found in the unique show not only entertainment but instruction.

Trimble's Varieties.

The stage management at this theater undergoes a change this evening, Mr. Thompson assuming charge. Quite a number of new attractions have been secured for this week, making the prospect for variety amusement very promising.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHECKERED FRONT



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MONDAY, JANUARY 17, 1876.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 32f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 90¼.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 113.

GOVERNOR KIRKWOOD, the Senator-elect from Iowa, is very outspoken in his message on the school question, taking decided grounds against any form of sectarian appropriation.

THE Sublime Porte is standing on his dignity, and gives instructions to his representatives at foreign Courts to distinctly state that no intervention which will interfere with his independence will be acceptable.

JUDGING from the fact that over $22,000 were taken in one day at the Palace Hotel, San Francisco, and that by legitimate patronage, it looks as though Ralston was not so much of a dreamer after all when he planned that great institution.

THERE were 19,289 deaths in Ireland during the first three-quarters of 1875, in a population of 5,300,000, the greatest mortality prevailing in Ulster. Emigration has greatly decreased, 5,000 emigrants less having been reported than in the corresponding period of last year. A considerable decrease in pauperism and crime is also recorded.

STICK a pin there. There are now eight pin factories in the United States, which make 47,000,000 pins daily. In addition to these the importations of pins reach 25,000,000 daily. As these are all easily sold, it is safe to say that 72,000,000 of pins are lost daily, or 50,000 every minute. Where they all go to is the wonder, but it is no longer a marvel where that "pin money" goes to.

THE inauguration of Governor HARTRANFT, to-morrow, promises to be an affair of unusual splendor and interest. From Philadelphia, a large number of political clubs will be present, and military companies will be numerous and of full ranks. The Governor is personally popular, and there is a disposition to testify, on the occasion of his second inauguration, the good will felt for him. The Legislature has determined, very wisely, that there shall not be a large outlay of money, and the visiting companies will generally bear their own expenses. Yet with all these disadvantages, the attendance will be large, and the ceremonies imposing.

THE case between the leading interest in the Oakland Railway, and certain stockholders, does not seem at all plain on its face. The allegations that certain gentlemen have sought to "cheat" the others are pretty strong, particularly in the light of the other points stated. If stockholders, in a regular meeting, had the strength to pass a resolution, to place a mortgage on the road, and use the proceeds to dispose of stocks or debts, it certainly is not on its face a fraudulent transaction. The affairs of the Oakland road are apparently in a bad mix, and it would be well, both for the public, and those interested, if the difficulties untangled, debts [illegible] the road put in prope[illegible]

[illegible] enterprise of straightening up the book accounts for the several departments of the Treasury. He cannot get it into his head why the books of the Register shouldn't exactly agree with those of the Comptroller, where one charges all the bonds he signs, and the other what he gives out. Or why the Treasurer's accounts should not fully tally with his, and those of the Secretary of the Treasury, when they represent each different phases of the same transaction. When a man gets an idea like this in his head, that he has discovered a mare's nest in a system of accounts which has been explained over and over again, we suppose that like the boy at school, he must be allowed to cipher it out.

WE notice that in our Eastern and Western cities the fascinations of music and the art Terpsichore are called into requisition in aid of charitable objects, and the people thus mingling pleasure and charity have been very liberal in their beneficence—the entertainments proving financially more successful than any others, with which the season has been marked. It is an agreeable way of getting good and doing good, and now that the movement has been inaugurated in our cities with such success—as in the Allegheny concert, and prospectively that to be given here next week—we hope that that the managers of these entertainments will find their brightest anticipations realized both as to pleasure to themselves and profit to the fund, which is to be devoted to the sacred purposes of relieving the destitute and distressed.

WE REFERRED the other day to the fact that "Southern Claims" were becoming quite numerous. The Chicago *Tribune*, in an article on the same subject, says: "Southern soil is bearing claims faster than it ever did cotton. The spectre of every stalk of sugar-cane, the ghost of every extinct fence-rail, the shadowy semblance of every cotton-bale burned, stolen, or captured during the war, are now summoned up to Washington to join in the grand Confederate raid on the Treasury. The touch of a Federal foot seems to have imparted a strange fertility to the soil. If the South could only again have such crops, such houses, such colleges, as it now claims that Union soldiers destroyed, the first would sell for enough to instantly wipe out all the losses of the war, the second would cover every plantation with a town, and the third would furnish about one school for every four-and-a-half children. How destructive we were, to be sure, and how glad we ought to be now to pay the taxes needed to indemnify the Confederates for the misdeeds of the brutal ruffians who were wicked enough to fight for the Union."

WE HEAR much of the necessity of a reduction in wages nowadays, and it is pertinent to the times; but the correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, writing from New York, tells the other side of the story, in this way:

"The number of new concerns opening with the New Year is very small, and the severest economy is practiced. Everybody seems to be under what they call 'the Centennial pressure.' Clerks, who simply write and are called entry clerks, may be had for $300 a year. Book-keepers are paid from $500 to $1,500, while salesmen in STEWART'S and the fashionable dry goods stores earn from $8 to $15 per week. Some of these are married men, and how they live is a mystery. The efforts to keep up a genteel appearance by making seedy, and almost shabby, clothes hold out in service, is suggestive of a painful degree of economy. I often notice this when going through first-class stores, and I feel how much can be filtered by the attempt to keep up an appearance. At present there are not less than 3,000 professional clerks out of employment, and it is no wonder that so many young men are found in the ranks of crime."

It would not be a good argument to say that because a clerk gets a high salary that that will guarantee his honesty, but the question is worthy of consideration whether an insufficient salary for a competent employe may not be a temptation to the clerk to swell his exchequer to meet his actual necessities by diminishing his employer's receipts.

SEVERAL journals, *Harper's Weekly* notably, are still intensely exercised over the Third Term issue. When the inquiry was addressed to its editor whether, in the event of GRANT'S nomination, he would support him, he answered in the negative, putting the refusal on the ground that the Third Term would destroy the Government. Just how this can be, he does not explain. We have never been able to see how it is, when the people choose to elect a person a third time, that any harm comes to the Government. There is, certainly, no Constitutional prohibition, and hence no law in the way but that of custom. We have yet to see one good, solid reason against the Third Term. Of course, men have the choice, and should have it between GRANT and any one else. If hostility is made personal to GRANT, that is well enough. If a prejudice exists against the Third Term, this is well enough, as any person is entitled to his prejudices. But it is absolutely trifling to declare in advance that a journal will not support GRANT under any circumstances, it is equivalent to the declaration that even should JEFF. DAVIS be nominated on the Democratic ticket, it would support him in preference to GRANT for a Third Term. We are free to say, we do not sail in that boat.

WE OCCASIONALLY, in this Smoky City, arouse ourselves sufficiently to protest against our smoke nuisance, and to wonder if something cannot be done to abate it, but do nothing ourselves. Councils, by ordinance, can abate the evil in six months' time. The city of London, as much distressed on this account as we are,—and more, in that the humid atmosphere of that city rendered the smoke nuisance worse there than here,—did abate it with little difficulty. An ordinance or law was passed, requiring manufactories to burn their smoke, and very simple contrivances were devised by means of which this was effectually done. The perseverance of the London authorities in dealing with smoke and soot has been such that from April to October there is no more discloration of the atmosphere in any part of the city than is noticed in the natural haze of our Indian summer. During the winter months the air becomes somewhat infected with the product of the numerous chimneys employed for heating private houses. This cannot be avoided, but the nuisance is quite inconsiderable as compared with the dense, blinding, and choking volume that were formerly thrown out by manufacturing establishments, and which made a London fog as impenetrable to the vision as a stone wall. Western cities, that use our bituminous coal, begin to complain severely over the defacement of buildings, and the manifold evils that attend the smoke nuisance. The entire trouble can be easily disposed of, by the simple London method, and the wonderment is, that it is not done.

IS AMNESTY WISE?

The Republican party, since the war, has illustrated the spirit of Christian philanthropy toward the South, as was never done by conquerors toward the conquered before. No man was executed for the crime of treason, nor were any prevented from pursuing any business avocation they chose to engage in, or to travel at will through the country. The policy of the party was not only a new feature of modern settlements of the issues of war, but an illustration of the civilization of the age of which we have been justly proud. While the English blew Sepoys from the mouths of cannon, tearing their bodies into fragments, we simply said to the conquered rebels, "you are free; accept our forgiveness and sin no more." True we did not clothe them with political rights immediately, but this worked no harm to their material welfare. We did, however, divide them into classes, and those least guilty were early accorded political rights, and later, others were given the same privileges, until but seven hundred and fifty remain uninvested with the advantages of citizenship. Because these have not been favored, we have been declared harsh and brutal, and unworthy the title of Christian. The taunt is one that many Republicans are scarcely able to bear, their sense of kindness going to extremes, and their sympathy for those in suffering reaching to sentimentalism.

We have no fault to find with the past policy of the party on this subject, but we are led, in view of events which have recently transpired in Congress, to inquire whether, as regards the seven hundred and fifty unpardoned rebels, we cannot afford to wait a little? The Confederate element in Congress is all of the amnestied material. Every man of them was, in some form, in the Confederate service. They deliberately renounced their citizenship, went into the rebellion, and did their utmost to destroy our Government, and to set up a slave republic in its stead. They, by this course, forfeited every right, even to life itself. They were pardoned,—an act of grace on the part of the Republican party, for which they had no plea nor any claim. Had they received this in a manner that showed them grateful and modest, there never could have been a regret, on our part, for the kindness shown. But their spirit has been harsh toward Republicans living among them, and they have been ungrateful to the party at large for favors shown. In saying this, we fully recognize their right to seek to avail themselves of all the political advantages they have. But when they go beyond this, and arraign those who pardoned them, because they do not pardon the worst criminals of the rebellion, it is time to ask whether their demands should be further complied with? To lavish pardon where it is unappreciated, so far as grateful sentiments go, is to cast pearls before swine. The Senate has full power in the case, and we throw out the suggestion whether a little delay on the amnesty question may not be wise.

CENTENNIAL REMINISCENCES

It is a somewhat remarkable fact that no man has been *elected* Governor of Pennsylvania who was born outside of its boundaries. In the revolution JOSEPH REID, born in New Jersey, and BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,, born in Massachusetts, held the office by *appointment*, as Presidents of the Supreme Executive Council. Upon the adoption of the Constitution, in 1790, THOMAS MIFFLIN, born in Philadelphia, was President of the Council, and was elected Governor, and every Governor since has been a native of this Commonwealth.

Once the Democrats nominated ASA PACKER, born in Cincinnati, but he was defeated. That is the only experiment of the kind the Democrats have ever tried. The Federals, Whigs, Anti-Masons, Know-Nothings and Republicans have invariably nominated natives. Men born outside, but long identified with Pennsylvania, like W. W. KETCHUM, have aspired to the gubernatorial nomination; but have never obtained it.

Only four men have been sent to the United States Senate from Pennylvania who were born outside its borders. These were GALLATIN, born in Switzerland; FINDLAY, born in Ireland; MORRIS, born in England,; and COOPER, born in Maryland. The first three belong to the revolutionary epoch. COOPER was born just over the border, but came inside in early youth.

A scrutiny of the men who have been Judges of the Supreme Court, Auditor General, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and Attorney General, will yield very nearly the same result.

This exclusiveness has been instinctive rather than deliberate; and all the more effectual because instinctive.

Another point is deserving of mention. The late WM. A. PORTER, in a book he published in 1854, and after a full survey of the whole record, was constrained to declare that "in the sixty-seven years which have elapsed since the adoption of the Federal Constitution Pennsylvania has not sent to Congress one man in ten years capable of making an impression there, and not more than three or four who could lay claim to high ability." The twenty-two years which have elapsed since this statement was published have yielded no results essentially modifying it. What was true then, is true now, that if Pennsylvania has men eminent for mental endowment and breadth and accuracy of culture, she is careful, as a rule, not to put them into the public service.

Would it not be well to start the new century by a wide departure from the course of the past one in this particular?

P.

MUNICIPAL TAXATION.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

I read with much interest the suggestions of Governor Hartranft on this topic, contained in his message to the Legislature at the opening of the present session. I also read with care your comments upon those suggestions. Allow me to contribute a mite towards the solution of the problem.

In all cases where special taxes are called for, or a new bonded indebtedness is demanded, make it imperative that the consent in writing, not only of a majority of taxpayers, but of taxpayers by whom a majority of taxes must be paid, shall first be obtained and put on record in a proper manner. Let this rule apply to a whole city or to one or more wards, as the particular case requires.

In some of the New England States this method has been applied to certain forms of municipal taxation and indebtedness, and with beneficial results. The principle recognized by this method is so just and reasonable that it cannot be successfully combated. Municipal improvements are, besides, betterments upon real estate, either of the particular city or of certain wards or districts thereof, in a very large proportion of instances, and in these no proposition can be more equitable or conservative than to let the holders of a majority of the interest involved say whether the betterments shall be made or not.

I am aware that this plan will not be regarded favorably by certain small classes who have been prominent in designing and pushing city improvements. It is all the more deserving of serious consideration by tax-payers on that account.

F. B. P.

HONESDALE, January 13, 1876.

PERSONAL.

MISS BRADDON will probably will make a reading tour in this country.

OAKEY HALL has rented new offices and is looking for new clients. So passes away the glory of the world.

PAUL CASSAGNAC is running for Senator in the Vosges Department. He will probably run through any candidate who dares oppose him.

THE anniversary of the birth of the late General Robert E. Lee will be celebrated on the 19th by the militia of Savannah with a grand parade.

DISRAELI grows fat fast. He weeps and wails, gives alms thrice in the day, drinks vinegar, and wears corsets, but all his endeavors run to waste.

WASHINGTON was once asked to dine with Judge Jones, of Boston. The chair in which he would have sat if he had accepted this invitation will be exhibited at the Centennial.

THE wit of Sunset Cox is not so classic as it is antique. His vermillion rhetoric and venerable jokes have had a surprisingly long run. But then something in the nature of padding is occasionally needed between speeches.

GAIL HAMILTON comes to the front again, and advises girls to look out for physical health and beauty in a husband. That's all very well up to a certain age, but after that, as Gail very well knows, husbands are not to be had at a penny a grab.

THE death of Mrs. A. M. Wood, widow of General H. C. Wood, United States Army, and eldest daughter of the late President Zachary Taylor, leaves but two surviving children of President Taylor, Mrs. Bettie T. Dandridge, formerly Mrs. Bliss, living at Winchester, Va., and Gen. Richard Taylor, of Louisiana.

IT was announced some time ago that the lady to Henry Wilson was engaged at the time of his death in writing a memorial sketch of him. This has since been published in the Atlanta (Ga.) *Sunny South*. A writer in the last *Independent* alleges, and shows by parallel quotations, that one-fourth of the pretended original matter of the article is an almost verbatim transcript from Macaulay's essay on John Hampden. The memorial sketch shows a good deal of memory—rather too much, in fact—for the reputation of the "author."

FEMININITIES.

MRS. EMILY TUBMAN, of Frankfort, Ky., has presented the Christian or Campbellite congregation at Augusta, Ga., with a completely furnished church and parsonage, which she had erected at a cost of $101,850.

MORE than twenty thousand women of Utah are about to petition Congress not to put in jeopardy the rights of their husbands, and to allow them—the women—at least such as are wives—the privilege of pre-empting homesteads. The Utah husband with twenty, or forty, or sixty wives would have a perfect domain to himself, if the gentle matrons who call him lord, should pre-empt in the same locality.

THE lucky Dane, Chancellor Hagermann, is said to be very proud of his beautiful bride, formerly Mrs. Moulton, the cantatrice. She reciprocates, and altogether they present a lovely spectacle of connubial felicity. It sends a sympathetic thrill through the hearts of those Representatives at Washington who have left their families behind them, to see the happy Chancellor trotting home from the grocery store in the morning with a pound of butter in one hand and a bar of hard soap in the other.

MISS GRUNDY writes: Mrs. Chandler, who has also entered upon the duties of a "cabinet lady," since the past session, is no stranger to us, having long been accounted one of the most attractive among the wives of Senators. She has the address and bearing of one fitted to lead in society. Her superb toilet of claret-colored silk, with sleeveless waist of claret-colored plaid velvet and overdress of the same, was greatly admired yesterday. Her daughter, Mrs. Hale, devotes her time to her two fine boys, and does not mingle in society this winter, a determination which is universally regretted.

A PHILADELPHIA milliner apprentice went to visit her mother in the country last Sunday, and when that worthy matron beheld her child she exclaimed: "Isabel Marie Stephens, what on airth do you mean coming out in broad daylight with your gown all kajummuxed up in a heap behind ye and all bound up that way in front of ye? And hain't ye got no stockings all of one color, that ye hat to wear them zebra-colored things? Thought ye was going to be a millinar. Sh'd think ye'd married a barber, and was playing up sign-board for him. Did I ever think one of my girls would come to this!"

GENERALITIES.

Why should the rich despise the poor?
Why should the poor repine?
A little while, and we shall all
In equal friendship join.
Life at the best is but a jest,
And has its wint'ry day,
But since we're here, with friends so dear,
We'll drive dull care away.

OUGHT to be allowed to sit down—A merchant of forty years' standing.

PARSON BROWNLOW advises East Tennessee to raise tobacco in place of cotton.

KANSAS banks are crowded from morning till night by farmers paying off their mortgages.

BISMARCK and Carlyle have exchanged photographs. Heloise and Abelard never went so far as that.

THE failure of Israel Farjoen, manufacturing jeweler in New York, is announced, with liabilities of $60,000.

SINCE Prof. Proctor has been presented with twins he declines to repeat his lecture on "Other Sons than Ours."

AT a recent meeting of the various city missionaries employed in London, grace was said in fourteen languages.

NOT bad. The New Haven *Journal* suggests that the Centennial Coffee-Pot will probably be exhibited on the "grounds."

THAT was a live reporter who, when he interviewed the owner of a burned axe factory, remarked that he came to axe-facts only.

THE *Miners' Journal* reals-estates it as a fact that two and half million acres of land in Pennsylvania still remain unpatened.

A PHILOSOPHER being asked what was the first thing necessary towards winning the love of a woman, answered, "An opportunity."

HOW THE family has grown! Three millions in 1776—forty-four millions in 1876! Uncle Sam will have to put another "L" on pretty soon.

THE Russell House, Atlantic House and Orchard Beach House, all at Old Orchard Beach, Me., were burned by an incendiary on Saturday morning.

A SIGHT for the gods were four Massachusetts women before a justice, last week, for smashing up the barn of a fifth yeoman, who had won the heart of a lass whom they were all after. But it wasn't the lass's fault, she couldn't take them all.

"YES, I want my daughter to study rhetoric," replied a Vermont mother, "for she can't fry pancakes now without smoking the house all up."

OUT in Nevada two wives lay claim to Mr. Besthoff, and it remains for the courts to decide which of them shall be considered the Best-hoff of the two.

SPEAKING of old saws, there's a man up in Delaware county who has a hand-saw 150 years old, and is now ready to swear to it on a Bible eighty years older still.

"CAN a young man marry on $100 a year?" asks a correspondent of the Jersey City *Herald*. "Yes," answers the editor, "if he boards with his wife's mother."

TEXAS will send a seven-inch centipede to the Centennial this year. The animal has a hundred feet, and if Weston sees it walk he will die with envy.—*Chicago Times*.

"NO SIR," said a weary looking man, on a street car, to an individual by his side, "I wouldn't marry the best woman alive. I've been a dry goods clerk too long for that."

THE report of the proposed sale by Sweden, of St. Thomas to Germany is contradicted. The idea was mooted in 1873 of exchanging St. Thomas for North Schleswig, but was dismissed as impracticable.

A CHEERING evidence that the rising youth of our land are not being neglected by their parents and instructors comes in the announcement that the American Whip Company has just declared a dividend of ten per cent.

THE New York Women's Suffrage Society has formally protested to Congress against the Centennial appropriation, on the ground that in case the appropriation is made the property of its members will be taxed to raise the money.

THE orders of women are four according to Burton:

The peacock [illegible]th whom dress is all;
The magpies, with whom chatter is all;
The turtles, with whom love is all;
And the Paradise birds above them all.

AT Cincinnati, on Saturday morning, while testing the steam boiler in the *Volksblatt* newspaper building, the head blew out, striking Albert Weininger, an employe, and cutting and scalding him so badly that he cannot possibly survive, and seriously injuring Wm. Rauburt, the engineer. The building was not materially damaged.

AT New Odeans, on Friday, Mrs. N. Collier, aged seventy-five, was burned to death. Her clothing caught fire from the grate. A child four years old was burned to death. Her clothing was fired by a plaything. James Murphy, aged thirty, was shot and instantly killed by James Merriman (colored), aged sixty. Murphy and Merriman were carpenters.

NEW YORK *Commercial*: During the performance of the oratorio of "Esther" at a country church near Oswego, recently, a man in the audience fell down with a fit and caused a panic. They do say it would have made a horse laugh to see *Mordecai* climbing out through the chancel window, the *Queen* rushing for the door, and *King Ahasuerus* shinning up a [illegible]ery post with all the agility of a Brazilian ape.

CINCINNATI *Times*: For a straightforward plea to the question of "Guilty or not guilty?" commend us to that Missouri chap on trial for murder: "If your Honor please, I am guilty. I killed the man because he took my gal from me. She was about the only thing I had; an' I didn't want to live after she went, an' I didn't want him to live, neither. An' I should be much obliged to your Honor if you would hang me as soon as possible."

MISS JULIA H. THOMAS, now Mrs. Irving, who won the Greek prize at the intercollegiate contest conferred the degree from Cornell, but her knowledge of Greek was largely acquired at Antioch College. She taught Greek and Latin for several terms before going to Cornell. She is tall, slender, nervous and active. She dresses for health and in a style to suit herself. She asks no favors. Like the intrepid St. Paul, she is often "minded to go afoot." Indeed, she rivals Weston as a "walkist." With the oar, if she competes not with the gentlemen at regattas, she can at least "paddle her own canoe."

The Young Man from the Country.

[From the New York Telegram.]

"Young man, your lemon-colored moustache and the set of your trousers betoken that you are a stranger at these crossroads," observed His Honor to the next.

He was a young man with a bad crook in his back, a lonesome look in his eyes, and a used up appearance around his shirt-front. Otherwise he was a fine young man, and lacked nothing but a pair of boots with red tops.

"No, I don't reside in New York," he answered; "I live out here quite a long ways."

"How far?"

The prisoner hesitated, looked around in an anxious manner, and then answered,—"I ain't used to this, and I don't know what to say." I never had a lawsuit before in my life, and I don't know where my witnesses are!"

"Young man, rural innocence lurks in your eye. I hear the meadow breezes sighing through your hair, and the warts on your hands remind me of the days when I rode to spelling school with a red-headed girl and kicked every boy in town who said she wasn't as pert as Queen Victoria. You got drunk. I know just how it came about, and I think the law can forgive you. Did you have any luggage?"

"Yes, a satchel."

"Well, you make a bee line for that satchel. Tie the handles together, balance it over your shoulder on a stick, and then get up and streak it for home. City life has its charms, but if I were you I'd hang around home and enjoy that peaceful life which the plough turns up with every furrow, and which a jackass can't demolish by kicking right along for ten thousand years."

Railroad Statistics.

The *Railroad Gazette* publishes its annual statistics of construction, from which it appears that the number of miles of railroad built in the United States during the year 1875 was 1,483, against 2,025 miles in 1874, 3,883 miles in 1873, and 7,340 miles in 1872. A closer examination of the figures shows that the work was in its most depressed condition since the war in the early part of last year, and that subsequently there was a very slight revival. Nearly all the new roads are short lines, intended to serve local needs, the average length of each construction being only 17 miles. In the South, railroad building has almost wholly stopped. In the Northwest it has fallen off 90 per cent. since 1872. In New England the amount is very little less than last year. New York built more than any other State last year, namely, 200 miles (against 125 miles in 1874). California came next with 174 miles, and Illinois third with 172. The States of Alabama, Florida, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Oregon, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia, and all the Territories except Utah, built none at all. The first of the railroad States is now Illinois, with 6,931 miles. Pennsylvania is second with 6,895 miles, New York third with 5,450, and Ohio fourth with 4,405.

A Discriminating Witness.

[From the Atlanta Constitutionalist.]

Jake was called upon in the Recorder's Court to give testimony in favor of the good character of Pete, who had been on a Christmas bender.

"Jake," said the Judge, "do you know Pete, the prisoner?"

"Oh, yes, sah, I kno's him better'n any nigger in Atlanta."

"Is he sober and industrious?"

"Dat 'pends upon de kashion, Judge; sometime he's sober, and some time he's 'dustrious, sah."

"When is he sober?"

"Mos' ginerally when he ain't got no money, Jedge."

"When is he industrious?"

"Jis' bout the same time, sah!"

"Suppose he has money?"

"Den he's putty liable to be de drunks' and lazies' nigger dat de good Lord ever put bref into—dat's de truf."

Pete was incarcerated the next minute.

The Education of Canaries.

A gentleman named Wall, residing at Phœnixville, has several very fine canary birds, which he has given much attention. One of the birds he has taught to sing "Home, Sweet Home," clearly and distinctly. His mode of instruction is as follows: "He placed the canary in a room where it could not hear the singing of other birds, suspended its cage from the ceiling so that the bird would see its reflection in a mirror. Beneath the glass he places a musical box that was regulated to play no other tune but "Home, Sweet Home." Hearing no other sounds but this, and believing the music proceeded from the bird it saw in the mirror, the young canary soon began to catch the notes, and finally accomplished what its owner had been laboring to attain,—that of singing the song perfectly. Mr. Wall has been offered and refused twenty dollars for his yellow-throated soprano.

An Error Corrected.

A Detroit mother, says the *Free Press*, was telling some lady callers the other day about her intention to celebrate an anniversary of some event, and her plug ugly of a boy came into the room just then and asked:

"Maw, what is an anniversary?"

"I'll tell you some time," she replied.

"I know," he wickedly called; "you are going to pick up the shov[illegible]nd chase pa down the cellar a pin!"

After the ladie[illegible]d, the mother took the boy up [illegible]oved his false impressions.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

C. Beringer et ux. to Walter C. Dunlap, July 7, 1873; lot on Spring street, Millvale borough. Price.....$200

Same to George Stevenson, December 13, 1873; lot on Page street, Fifth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$2,800

Wm. Bickel et ux. to C. Beringer, December 26, 1873; lot on Page street, Fifth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$2,800

Sheriff's Poll Deed [illegible] Michael Woolslayer, December 18, 1875; int[illegible] of Wm. C. Casey in three lots on Webster street, Fifth ward, city. Price.....$200

Wm. Moore et ux. to John D. Krickelamia, November 24, 1875; lot on Van Braam street, Sixth ward, city. Price.....$1,850

Samuel McCrory et ux. to John Finley, October 22, 1875; lot on Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny. Price.....$1,800

Penn Avenue Building, Loan and Homestead Association to Andrew Feeg, September 2, 1875; lot on Keystone avenue, Eighteenth ward, city. Price.....$800

Wm. A. Russell et ux. to Ellen Vankirk, August 3, 1875; lot on Walnut street, McKeesport. Price.....$1,400

George Finley et ux. to James Dugan, February 3, 1875; lot on Wilson street, Twenty-first ward, city. Price.....$450

John Finley et ux. to Samuel McCreery, December 26, 1874; lot on Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny. Price.....$1,800

James Gilliland to Walter C. Dunlap, December 28, 1874; two lots on Market street, Ninth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$300

Homestead Bank and Life Insurance Company to E. L. H. Dabbs, December 23, 1875; lot in company's plan, Chartiers township. Price.....$1,800

John Karr et ux. to B. B. Campbell, December 27, 1875; lot in Eleventh ward, Allegheny. Price.....$1,342.25

Wm. T. Kelly et ux. to Jacob Louer, December 21, 1875; lot on Locust street, Sixth ward, city. Price.....$4,000

Wm. H. Kennedy to Wm. Vankirk, October 27, 1875; two lots on Forbes street, Nineteenth ward, city. Price.....$2,700

C. H. Love et ux. to James Dugan, December 21, 1872; lot in Fayette township.....Nom.

James McGinnis et ux. to Frederick Lind, Nov. 1, 1860; lot on Gist street, Fourteenth ward, city. Price.....$425

Same to same March 16, 1853; lot on Gist street, Fourteenth ward, city. Price.....$277

Joseph M. Gazzam, trustee, to Wm. McAdams, May 8, 1875; lot on Allequippa street, Fourteenth ward, city. Price.....$225

David Reed to George Quail, Dec. 15, 1875; 100 acres in Ross township. Price.....Nom.

Mary Hutcheson to Jackson Peters, Oct. 1, 1875; lot on Carnahan street, Thirty-fifth ward, city. Price.....$950

Quit Claim Deed from A. Oberhelman to Jackson Peters, Sept. 15, 1875; lots Nos. 2 and 33, Oberhelman's plan of lots, Thirty-fifth ward, city.....Nom.

John A. Cochran to Samuel Campbell, Aug. 26, 1873; lot on Ferry street, Eleventh ward, Allegheny. Price.....$1,000

George Stewart et ux. to Samuel Campbell, Aug. 30, 1873; lot on Ferry street, Ninth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$5,000

Joseph Dabbier et ux. to John C. Magioni, Dec. 27, 1875; lot on Perrounia street, Braddocks borough. Price.....$2,800

James V. O'Kane et ux. to Edward Bishop, Nov. 26, 1875; lot on Neville street, Thirty-second ward, city. Price.....$300

Wm. H. Artzberger to Jo[illegible]ley, Dec. 15, 1875; lot on McClure avenue, E. [illegible]nth ward, Allegheny. Price.....$122.75

Elizabeth Gaiber to Emma [illegible] Coombs, January 1, 1876; lot on Centre street, [illegible]enteenth ward, city. Price.....$4,500

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.

CHARTERED IN 1862.

Assets January 1, 1873. - - - $778,251.56.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. B. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

Solicitor—JOHN H. BAILEY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I Sold and transferred my stock in the GERMAN AMERICAN BANK to CHARLES WETTENGEL, July 1, 1875, and have had no interest in the Bank since that time.

CHARLES W. WETTENGEL.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1875. xx

LOUIS VERHAEGEN, MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR, Monitor and Importer of Monuments, Tombs, Altars, Figures, Busts, Statues, executed in all kinds of Stone and Bronzes. Studio at the entrance of Woodlawn Cemetery, New York. Refer to Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Josiah King, Alexander Bradley and others of his patrons in Pittsburgh. mh24

Bronzes, Silverware, Vases, Cut Glass.
Call and Examine.

J. P. SMITH, ZON & CO.
189 LIBERTY STREET

JNO. GILLESPIE,
Chimney Sweep.
GRATES, FURNACES AND STOVES
SET AND PUT IN ORDER.
All Orders promptly attended to.
Residence, No. 14 STRAWBERRY ALLEY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the assessment plans and schedule of assessments for the Hiland avenue improvement, from Penn avenue to the Bluff, in the 22d ward, city, will be open for inspection from JANUARY 14TH to FEBRUARY 3D. All parties interested therein will please call at the Eagle House, Hiland avenue, and file their objections, if any there be, to said assessment.

CHAS. LOCKHART,
E. C. NEGLEY,
S. B. McELROY,
J. H. STEWART,
R. B. CARNAHAN,
Commissioners.

R. Q. WHITTEN, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, January 3, 1876. jz14

JAMES LITTELL,

Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

WM. T. DUNN & CO.,

Sewer Builders and Manufacturers of
Drain and Sewer Cement Pipe.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Hydraulic Cement, Patent Chimney Tops, Cellar Floors, &c., cemented. All orders promptly attended to and work guaranteed.
OFFICE, 41 FEDERAL STREET.
WORKS: 340 REBECCA STREET, ALLEGHENY.

JOHN T. GRAY
PAINTER
549TH STREET.
Better work for less money than any other establishment in the city of vicinity.

Successful Music Books.

Getze's School for Parlor Organ.

It is already in the hands of 30,000 learners and players on Reed Organs, and deserves this and greater success. Contains 176 graded lessons, including nearly 50 agreeable Pieces, a dozen Songs, and 25 short Voluntaries. $2.50.

Centennial Coll. for Old Folks Concerts, New, 40c
Shining River. The next book for your Sabbath School.....35c

Bellak's Analytical Method
FOR PIANOFORTE.

As the very first instruction book, (for the first 3 months on the Piano), nothing could be better. Very easy pieces, nicely fingered graded. Does away, mostly, with the dryness and drudgery of the first quarter. In paper 75c.

HIGH SCHOOL CHOIR, $1.00.
For High Schools, Academies, Seminaries.

Gems of English Song.

A large, elegant collection of Choice Songs, with Piano or Reed Organ accompaniments. 232 pages, Sheet Music size. $2.50 in boards; $3.50 in cloth. All books mailed, post-free, for retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston,
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.,
711 Broadway, New York.
J. E. DITSON & CO.,
Successors to Lee & Walker, Philadelphia.

GAS FIXTURES

Wholesale and Retail.
A LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK JUST RECEIVED.
WELDON & KELLY,
147 WOOD STREET.

CEMENT—200 BBLS. LOUISVILLE, 190 bbls. Rosendale, for sale by
J. R. GARFIELD,
116 Water street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876.

WHOLESALE AT

NOS. 165, 167 AND 169 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

New, full and attractive assortment of

DRESS GOODS!

OPENED THIS WEEK.

At $1.25, New Line of

COLORED DRESS SIKLS,

All newest shades.

At $1, $1.12½, $1.20, $1.25, $1.37½ and $1.50, Extra good value in

BLACK DRESS SILKS.

At $1.75 and $1.87½, Hand-made Black Dress Silks,
At $2 to $3.50, Choice Black Dress Silks, worth a great deal more.

At 12½c, 15c and 18¾c, New

Camel's Hair Plaid Dress Goods.

At 12½c, 15c, and 18¾c, New

DARK DRESS GOODS,

Sateen Stripes, worth 15c, 20c and 25c.

At 12½c, 15c and 18¾c, New patterns in

coon Repps for Wrappers,

At 18¾c, New

SUEZ PLAID DRESS GOODS,

A great bargain.

At 25c, large assortment new

DRESS GOODS,

Extra good value.

Newest Novelties in Knickerbocker Suitings of different shades.
All the new shades in Colored Cashmeres, Sateens and Plaid Cloths.

Extra Good Bargains at

Wm. Semple's,

NOS. 165, 167 AND 169 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

January 12th, 1876.

B. & B.,

128 Federal St.

NEW BARGAINS.

READ.

New Black Dress Silks

At $1.50 and $1.75, undoubtedly the best value now offered in the trade.
At $2.50 and $3.75, two other lots of Black Silks, that are special bargains.
Full lines of Black Silks, at all other prices from $1.00 up.

NEW COLORED DRESS SILKS

At very low prices.

1,000 pieces New Hamburg Edgings, choice styles and lower prices than any former season.
Large lot Linen Shirt Fronts, open and closed, very much under value.
Complete assortment of Shirt Fronts, Shield and Linen Bosoms, from 25c up to finest grades.
Special discount on purchases by the dozen or half dozen.
26-inch Plaid Dress Goods at 12½c.
New double width

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK.

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, ... $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

ROBINSON BROTHERS

NO. 78 FOURTH AVENUE,

BANKERS.

Buy and sell on Commission GOVERNMENT BONDS, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES, RAILROAD BONDS AND STOCKS.

Especial attention paid to purchase and sale of all LOCAL SECURITIES of Pittsburgh and Allegheny.

FIRST CLASS REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES WANTED; ALSO $5,000 WARD SCHOOL BONDS

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } MONDAY, January 17, 1876. }

A fair amount of business was transacted at the banks on Saturday, there being some recovery since the new year came in. The failures so frequently occurring, exert a depressing influence here, and retard the recovery of business confidence. The effect of the weather is already seen in the increase of country orders for currency, but it has not had any other perceptible effect on local finances. There is a freer movement of country products to market, but this has not yet assumed sufficient proportions to enable the country banks to repay the loans they have had of the city. This keeps the funds of the loan market more fully employed than would otherwise be the case in the quiet which marks all the city interest. Most of the city banks have ample resources for the accommodation of all the desirable borrowers that apply. Real estate continues depressed and unsalable, and rents are on the decline.

The failure of the West Boston Savings Bank is the largest that has occurred in the recent series of savings-bank failures. In the report of the Massachusetts Savings Bank Commissioner for 1874 its deposits were stated at $3,306,848.18. There has been for some time back a run, though not a severe one, upon the bank, and it has finally placed its affairs in the hands of the courts. No dishonesty is known to have existed in its management. Its loans on real estate were then $2,072,792.04, on bank stock, $592,567.75, and on personal security, $431,108. The depreciation in the real estate on which the bank is loaned so heavily was the main cause of its weakness. It is a serious defect of the Massachusetts law, to which Gov. Claflin called attention, that it compels the banks to loan so heavily on real estate. The fact is, that the more the State meddles with the savings banks the worse off will depositors be. The thing needed to be done is to obtain publicity of management and adequate machinery to punish frauds. Let depositors look after their own interest; assist them only to the extent of seeing that they are able at all times to ascertain what is being done with their money, and if it is lost or wasted, make it prima facie evidence of fraud, if it can be shown that any concealment was practiced.

The practice of the San Francisco savings banks, which hold $65,000,000 of deposits, seems to be good. What savings banks need is call loans, which loans on real estate can never be. The report of San Francisco savings banks, the *Alta* says, loan from one-tenth to one-third of the money—none so much as half—on collateral security of Government bonds or stocks, excluding mining, and generally excluding bank and insurance companies. The Government bonds would be preferred, but they cannot be got. Of the call loans in one bank one-third had been made on such bonds and two-thirds on stocks, mainly gas and water. In another bank, not one-fourth of the call loans were made in Government bonds, which are held here in small quantity and by few persons.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	10 A. M.
U. S. 6's, 1861, coup	121¾
" 1881, all called	———
" 1865, "	———
" 1865 new	115
5-20's 1867	120¾
10-20's—coupons	117⅞
10-40's	———
Currency 6's	123
New 5 per cents	116¾
10-40's—coupons	118¼

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Cen.	104¾
Erie	16
" C.	90
C. C. & I. C.	18½
St. Paul	39¾
" Pref.	72¾
Michigan Southern	92
Do. Central	62¾
North Western	68¾
Do. Pref.	85¾
Rock Island	106⅞
Clevs. & Pittsb.	90
Pacific Mail	39¼
Western Union Tel.	76

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	54⅝	Cen. Trans (B)	45¼
Reading (S)	52¾	Empire Do. (S)	35⅝
U. Cos. (S)	90½	N. Y. R. R. (S)	107½
Oil Creek (S)	12	P. C. & St. L. 7's (B)	90⅜
Lehigh Valley (S)	63⅝		

NEW YORK, January 15, 1876.

Money 4@5; prime mercantile paper 6½@8. The customs receipts were $373,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $210,000. The clearings were $4,000,000. Exchange 484½@488¼. Gold opened and closed at 113, with sales in the interim at 113¾ and 113⅛. The rates paid for carrying were 5, 3, 3¼ 4 and 2½ per cent.

The following is the bank statement:

Loans, decrease	$1,391,900
Specie, decrease	840,500
Legal tenders, increase	5,233,900
Deposits, increase	5,238,300
Circulation, decrease	80,200
Reserve, increase	3,982,825

Goverunments were active and strong. Railroad bonds were firm in late dealings. Milwaukee and St. Paul, La Crosse division, sold at 98¼ and 98½, and Union Pacific sinking funds at 94¼. State bonds were quiet and steady. The stock market was weak in early dealings, when prices declined ½ to ¾ per cent., but towards noon a firmer feeling set in. After the bank statement was published a buoyant feeling prevailed. Lake Shore advanced to 67¼, Northwest to 41, Michigan Central to 63½, and Ohios to 19½. About this time the failure of E. S. Munroe & Co. was announced, and there was considerable Lake Shore, Michigan Central and other stocks bought in under the rule, which forced a decline in prices, but subsequently the best prices of the season were made on some shares. The market closed active and strong. The transactions on the Stock Exchange aggregated 192,500 shares, of which 3,100 were Erie, 81,000 Lake Shore, 60,000 Northwest, 1,500 Rock Island, 15,500 St. Paul common, 8,500 St. Paul preferred, 24,300 Ohios, 12,000 Western Union, and 13,000 Michigan Central.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 121¾; do of '65, 116⅞; do of '65, new, 118; do of '67, 119½; do of '68, 121⅞; 10-40s, 117¼; do coupons, 117¾; currency sixes, 123¾.

State Bonds.—Tennessee, 6s, old, 44½; do new, 42½; Virginia new, 37; do old, 38; new 6s, 102½.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 76½; Pacific Mail, 39¾; Adams Express, 105; Fargo Express, 82; American Express, 65; U. S. Express, 61½; New York Central, 108¾; Erie, 16; do preferred, 30; Harlem, 132½; do preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 62¾; Lake Shore, 66¾; Union Pacific, 70⅝; Illinois Central, 100½; Pittsburgh, 90; Northwestern common, 40¾; do preferred, 85¾; Rock Island, 106⅞; New Jersey Central, 104; St. Paul, 39½; do preferred, 72¾; Wabash, 43; do preferred, 6; Fort Wayne, 100; Chicago & Alton, 100¾; do preferred, 107½; Ohio & Mississippi, 20¾; Terre Haute, 24; do preferred, 19; Indiana Central, 4; Burlington & Quincy, 154; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 29½; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 118½; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 19½; Central Pacific, 104½; Union, 102½; Union grants, 104.

LONDON, January 15—5 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £100,000.

Consols: money, 93⅞; account, 94 1-16; 5-20s of '65, 105; 5-20s of 1867, 108; 10-40s, 106¾; new 5s, 104¾; New York Central, 97½; Erie, 14½; do preferred, 36.

PARIS, January 15.—Rentes, 65f 82½c.

FRANKFORT, January 15.—U. S. new 5s, 99¾.

LONDON, January 15.—Money has been in active demand for purposes of settlement, but there has been little commercial demand for accommodation, and in the absence of inquiry for new loans and other financial enterprises the rate has gradually lowered. A reduction in the bank rate on Thursday is already talked about.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, January 15.—Business continued quiet with commission houses and importers, and the jobbing trade was very dull. Brown and bleached cottons are firm and in comparatively light supply in first hands. Prints are in moderate request, and shirtings sold in fair amounts. Woolen goods were quiet. Southbridge fancy spring prints will be opened on Monday at 5c.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, January 15, 1876. }

The course of general business has developed no material change for several days, and, consequently, is devoid of any new or important features deserving of special notice. While stagnation is the order of the day just now, our merchants, and manufacturers as well, are hopeful of an early improvement, and the outlook is more cheerful.

APPLES—The stock is steadily being reduced, as there have been no arrivals for several weeks, but the demand continues light and prices unchanged; quotable at $2.50a3 per bbl for common to good and $3,25a3,50 for prime to choice.

APPLE BUTTER—65a70 per gallon.

BUTTER—Prime to choice rolls, quoted at 24a26c; medium to good, 18a22c; common, 12a15c. The market continues largly overstocked, especially with common and medium grades.

BEANS—Prime navies are still quotable at $1,25 per bushel, with a very limited demand.

CHEESE—Market dull but unchanged; prime Ohio Factory; 13½a14c; ditto New York, 14a14½c.

CRANBERIES—$12a13 per bbl.

DRESSED HOGS—8½a9c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples, 10a11c per lb. for prime to choice quarters. Peaches, 12½a13c for halves.

EGGS—No improvement to note in the demand, and no change to make in quotations; fresh, 25c.

FLOUR—Good standard flours are still holding their own, but unknown brands, especially of new winter wheat, are hard to dispose of, except at ruinous prices. We continue to quote: Standard flours at $6,25a6,75 for new winters; $6,25a6,50 for Wisconsin and $6,50a6,75 for Minnesotas. Rye Flour, $5a5,25 per barrel. Buckwheat Flour, 2¾a3¼c per lb.

GROCERIES—Trade continues dull, but an early improvement in the demand for all the leading staples is expected. Our latest advices, both from New York and Baltimore, report Coffee firmer and higher, but the demand continues light, indicating that buyers are not altogether satisfied in regard to the immediate future of the market. Both Sugar and Molasses reported firmer at New Orleans.

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12¾	Standard A	10¾
Crushed	11¾	Standard Ex C	10¼
Granulated	11¼	Refined Yellows	9¾@ 9¾
Powdered	11¼	N. O. new crop	8¾a 9¼
Standard A	10¾		

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	26	R. Rio, lb pkgs	27¾
Prime Rio	24¾@25	Rio, loose	27¼
Good Rio	22 @23	Roasted Java	34¾
Old Gov. Java	34		

RICE.

Carolina	8	Rangoon	7

SYRUPS.

Choice	70 @75	Fair	55 @60
Prime	65 @70	Good	45 @50

MOLASSES.

N.O. choice	63	N.O. strictly prime	60
N.O. prime	58	Demarara	50@55

GRAIN—The grain markets continue exceeding dull, but an improvement is looked for within the next week or two is confidently expected. Wheat is still quoted at $1.25a1,32 for fair to strictly prime Penna., Ohio and Indiana red; nothing doing in white. Corn, $1,35a1,38. White Wheat will bring but little more than red, and the latter sells more readily than the former. The Oat market continues quiet and weak, with sales of prime Ohio mixed, 40a41c, and 42a43c for white. Corn is coming forward more freely, and the market is easier; Ear, on track, 48a52c for common mixed to prime yellow; shelled, 50a53c. The market for Rye continues quiet and nominal at 80a82c.

HAY—Baled is still reported dull, with a supply in excess of the demand; upland prairie, $12a14; timothy, $17a19, according to quality and condition.

HOMINY—We note a steady demand at $4 per bbl in round lots and $4,25 in a small way.

MILL FEED—Continues very dull, but unchanged.

ONIONS—Dull; $1.25a1,50 per bbl.

POULTRY—Dressed Chickens, 13a14c per lb.; live Chickens, 50a60c per pair; dressed Turkeys, 17a18c per lb.

POTATOES—The market continues quiet and unchanged; selling in a jobbing way, at 45a55c per bush. out of store.

PROVISIONS—The market continues quiet, and prices are easier, under the influence of recent advices from the west but not quotably lower. Hogs are coming forward more freely, and prices have declined considerably within the past few days, both here and elsewhere. Following are the ruling rates:

Hams—Extra S. C. per lb	14½	Bacon—Clear Sides	13¾
Shoulders, Ex. S. C.	10¾	Clear Rib Sides	13¾
B'fast Bacon, S. C.	14¾	Do. in bbls	—
Dried Beef, Ex.	13¾	Do. in bbls	14½
gar Cured, old	14¾	Do. 3 lb caddies	16¾
Beef Tongues, S. C. per doz	6.75	Do. 5 lb do	16¾
Bacon Shoulders	10	Do. 5 lb do	17¾
Hog Middles	9	Do. 5 lb do	17
Short Rib do	13¼	Ham Sausage	11
Clear Sides	13¾	Carbon Oil	———
Mess Pork, per bbl	20	Lard, in bbls	14
Family Mess Pork	21.00	Pig's Feet, in kegs	2.20
Short Cut	21.00	Do. do ½ bbls	4.40
Lard, Prime Leaf in tierces, per lb	13½	Do. do. bbls	9.00

RAGS—Steady at 3c per pound for good country mixed.

TALLOW—Chandlers Tallow, city rendered, 9¾a10c; country do., 8¾a9c.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } SATURDAY, January 15, 1876. }

ARRIVALS.

Following were the arrivals during the week ending at noon to-day, and, in order to afford a comparison, we append those of preceding week also:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	231 cars.	344 cars.
Hogs	234 "	148 "
Sheep	86 "	67 "
Total	551 "	559 "

CATTLE.

Since the date of our last report, 13th, there has not been much done, nor is it unusual; the great proportion of the arrivals from and including Thursday up until the following Monday are through consignments; and, furthermore, there are but few buyers during the time in question—nearly all the business is done between Monday and Thursday. The most noticeable feature in the market this week was the large falling off in the receipts and offerings, and with an increased demand causing an active competition, sellers had no difficulty in advancing prices from a ¼ to ¾ of a cent per pound. Trade was remarkably brisk from the opening until the close; cattle were sold just about as fast as they arrived, and that, too, at the sharp advance to which reference has been made. There was an unusually large attendance of buyers from the east, Philadelphia, in particular being very largely represented, and that they took hold freely is evident from the fact that there were considerably over 100 cars bought for shipment to Philadelphia. The reports from New York have been favorable every day this week; our dispatch, of yesterday, reported that there had been an advance of fully one cent per lb, as compared with the beginning of the week, of $10 to $15 per head.

We quote higher than there were sales made at, because there were no strictly prime beeves on sale this week. Prime to choice steers, averaging 1,500 lbs., fat and smooth, 7c; do, 1,300a1,400, 6¼a6¾; prime to choice heifers, 6c; good, 1,300a1,400, 5¾a6c. There were no Texas cattle on sale. Bulls also higher; quotable at 3½a4¾c, according to quality.

The probability is that the sharp advance this week will cause largely increased receipts during the next week or two, but the supply in the eastern markets has been so much cut down that we look for a lively trade for some weeks, and immediate decline in prices is probable. It is worthy of notice that even at the advance cattle are as low, if not lower, than they were at the corresponding time last year.

Of the 231 cars of cattle reported for the week, 63 cars were through consignments and 168 cars yard cattle, against 129 cars of through and 215 cars of yard cattle the preceding week. Sales, 2,901 head; last week, 3,050 head.

SHEEP.

The market was fairly active during the the early part of the week, but with increased receipts and offerings, the market subsequently weakened, and prices receded ½ to ¾ of a cent per lb. The advices from New York were not very favorable, trade there being slow and prices easy, and this was not without its effect upon our market, as the few buyers here were ready buyers here except for New York, during the latter part of the week. Extra 100a120 lbs sheep, 6a6½c; prime 90a95 lbs, 5a5¼; good 80a85 lbs, 4¾a4¾c; common (same weight) 3¾a4 cents.

HOGS.

The market was overstocked and dull from Monday up until Friday, the supply, notwithstanding the weather, being considerably in excess of the demand, and prices dropped 50 to 60 cents per cwt, as compared with last week. Yesterday, however, owing to a decided falling off in the receipts, a stronger feeling was developed, and prices were advanced about 10c per cwt; to-day the advance was fully sustained, and, at the close, there were very few unsold; during the week, however, quite a number were shipped on in first hands, owners refusing to accept current rates here. Sales were made this forenoon at 7,40a7,50 for Philadelphias; 7,60a7,25 for Yorkers, and 7,30a7,35 for good mixed.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Nimick & Co. m...1 R. Wister m.....3
Total.....4

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.
W. Mullins 81.....3

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.
Nimick & Co. m..18 Zug & Com.....2
Lewis O. m P.m...3 E. T. S. Works m. 1
Carnigie & Co. m..2 Wilson W. & Co 2
Total.....26

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R
Soho Furnace o....3 S. B. & Co o.
Zug & Co. m.....2 Shoenberger
Isabella Fur. o.....4
Total.....

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R.
Byers McC & Co. m.....

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, January 15, 1876.

FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat steady and in moderate demand; No. 1 Chicago spring $1,09½; No. 2 $1,01¾; spot $1,00¾; seller February $1,02¼; seller March No. 3 81c; rejected 68¾c. Corn steady; No. 2 43¾c, cash; 42¾c for seller February. Oats quiet; No. 2 30½c spot; 31c seller February. Barley steady; 86c spot, 83c seller January; 79½c seller February. Rye quiet and steady; 60c.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady and in moderate demand; $19,40 spot; $19,50 seller February; $19,75 sellar March. Lard quiet and firm; $12,27½a12,30 spot; $12,37½ seller February; $12,50 seller March. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

WHISKY—$1,08.

New York.

NEW YORK, January 15.—Flour: receipts 10,000 bbls; limited demand for export and home use; superfine western and State $4,25a4,60; common to good $4,90a5,35; good to choice $5,40a6,25; white wheat extra $5,85a7,65; St. Louis $5,00a9,00; extra Ohio $4,40a7,25. Rye flour and corn meal quiet. Wheat: receipts 38,000 bush; shade firmer; No. 1 spring $1,34a1,40; rejected spring 98ca$1,00; No 1 white Michigan store $1,45; No. 2 $1,12a1,15; winter red western $1,22; spring ungraded nominally $1a1,20; No. 2 Chicago spring $1,23a1,25. Rye quiet; western 88a90c; State 95a98c. Barley and malt quiet. Corn: receipts 33,000 bushels; shade firmer; low mixed no grade 64a65c; mixed graded 65a66c. Oats: receipts 15,000 bushels; western mixed State 44a45c; white western State 46a52c. Hay firm; 85c. Hops unchanged. Coffee firm and in better demand; 15¾a19¼c. Sugar steady; fair to good refining 8a8¾c; prime 8¾c. Molasses and rice quiet and unchanged. Petroleum easier; crude 7¾c; refined 13¾c; cases 18a20c; naphtha 8¾a9¾c. Rosin quiet. Turpentine lower; 36c. Tallow unchanged. Leather heavy at 24a27c. Wool firm; pulled 27a48c; unwashed 15a32c. Pork dull at $20,75a21,00. Dressed hogs steady; western 8¾a8¾c. Beef quiet at 11¾c. Cut meats quiet. Middles quiet; western long clear 11c; city 11¾a11¾c. Lard firm; prime steam 13 3-32a13¾c. Butter: prime steam western 25c; State 29a31c. Cheese unchanged. Whisky firm at $1,10¼a1,11.

Foreign.

LONDON, January 15.—Refined petroleum 11½a11¾d; spirits 10a10¼d.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—Cotton dull and easier; middling upland 6 11-16d; Orleans 7d; sales 6,000 bales, including 3,000 American, and 1,000 speculation and export. Refined petroleum 11½a12¼d; spirits 9¾a10d.

LONDON, January 15.—The markets in every kind of produce continue depressed. Sugar and beef are very dull. There is more inquiry for all descriptions of hops at full prices.

LIVERPOOL, January 15.—The cotton market has experienced a pressure to sell, and there is a decline, owing to continued heavy receipts. The total stocks of all descriptions are 134,000 bales less than last year, and American 83,000 less.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, January 15.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat steady, firm and unchanged. Corn firm; western mixed new 62½c. Oats quiet, but firm; mixed western 44a45c; white do 46a47c. Rye nominally unchanged. Hay dull, but unchanged. New mess pork $21a21,25. Bulk shoulders 7¾a8c; clear rib 10¾a11c loose; 8¾a11¾c. packed; shoulders 9¼a9¾c; clear rib 12½c. Hams 13½a16c. Lard unchanged. Butter scarce and firm for extras; others dull and heavy feeling; 25a27c. Petroleum strong, but quiet; crude 7¾a8c; refined 14c. Coffee steady, firm and unchanged. Whisky: market dull; $1,11.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, January 15.—Flour: demand fair and market firm. Wheat dull; No. 2 white Wabash $1,49; No. 1 white Michigan $1,28; No. 2 $1,12; extra $1,08½; amber Michigan $1,25; seller February $1,26½; seller March $1,38. Corn steady; high mixed 46½c; seller January 46¾c; low mixed 46c; no grade 43¾a43¾c. Oats dull; No. 2 held at 35¾a36c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, January 15.—Cotton dull at 12¾c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1,35a1,38. Rye firm at 78a80c. Corn steady at 45a46c. Oats dull at 35a42c. Barley firm at $1,25a1,30. Pork dull at $20,00a20,25. Lard quiet; steam 12 1-4c; kettle 13a13 1-4c. Bulk meats firm at 7a7¾a10 1-4a10¾c. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Whisky $1,07.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, January 15.—Cotton firm and unchanged. Flour: only moderate demand. Wheat weak at $1,52¾. Corn firm at 39c. Oats steady at 34½c. Barley firm at $1,15a1,30. Pork quiet at $19,75. Lard steady at 12c. Bulk meats firm at 7, 7¾, 10¼, 10¾a10¾c. Bacon steady at 9, 11¾a12c. Whisky steady at $1,08.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, January 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; No 1 Milwaukee $1,10¾; hard $1,22; No 2 do 99¼; No 3 do 85¾c. Corn firm; No 2 Oats steady; No 2 32½c. Barley in demand; No 2 spring 98c; No. rm; No 1 73c.

...Flour: demand ...$4a4,50; common

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY.—DAILY REPORT OF THE STAGE OF WATER, WITH CHANGES IN THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 3 P. M.

Pittsburgh, January 16, 1876.

Stations.	Above low water—ft	Changes in last 24 hours	Direction of Wind.	Weather.
Cincinnati, Ohio	21	—7	SE.	Cloudy.
Davenport, Iowa	3	5	E	Lt Rain.
Dubuque, Iowa	5	6	S	Cloudy.
Keokuk, Iowa	2	10	SW	Cloudy.
Leavenworth, Ks.	5	3	S	Cloudy.
Louisville	8	10	E	Lt Rain.
Memphis, Tenn.	25	11	Calm	Lt Rain.
Nashville, Tenn.	8	1	S	Lt Rain.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	5	8	SW	Cloudy.
Shreveport	20	4	W	Cloudy.
St. Louis, Mo.	10	4	SW	Cloudy.
Vicksburg, Miss.	38	4	S	Fair.

L. A. WELSH,
Sergeant, Signal Service, U. S. A.

THE stage of water last evening was 5 feet 8 inches, and falling. Weather moderated considerably Saturday and yesterday, and the Allegheny ice is not near as heavy as it was.

THE Mary Miller is to be docked and repaired at Mound City.

BARNEY GIVEN and Samuel Spencer pilot the Woodruff to Cincinnati.

THE fine side-wheeler Arlington, Capt. Dan. Moore, is announced for New Orleans.

CAPT. I. R. WHITTAKER is in Cincinnati, looking after the interests of the Hornet Coal Co.

NO arrivals, and the new iron snagboat E. A. Woodruff for Cincinnati was the only departure.

THE Brownsville Packet Co. have withdrawn one boat from active service in consequence of a falling off in business.

THE Youghiogheny is reported frozen over. The Monongahela continues open, and the packets are still making their regular trips.

THE rumor that the Quickstep had been sold turns out to be groundless. She is laid up at Memphis and will not turn her wheels till spring.

WILL L. VISSCHER, formerly editor of the Richmond *Headlight*, and at one time river editor of the Louisville *Journal*, is now city editor of the Omaha *Herald*.

THE Salt Valley from Ironton and Carrie Brooks were due last night, but their arrival is involved in considerable doubt, at this writing, as they would have to encounter ice all the way up.

LOCAL Inspectors Young and Wilson, of Wheeling, have suspended for thirty days the license of Wm. Baker, pilot, who was on duty at the wheel of the steamer Diamond when she collided with the Coal City.

IT was Captain Bixby, of the City of Alton, who learned Mark Twain the river, and those who have read the humorist's articles, recently published in the *Atlantic Monthly*, will recognize him at once as the "B—" therein referred to.

A NEW ORLEANS paper says: It is a noticeable fact that all our tributary packets are carrying freights of all kinds at fair remunerative rates, and receiving the patronage and have the general good will of the public at large, and exceptions are not in order at the present time.

THE A. J. Baker, Captain Poe, was blown ashore 62 Sunday evening last, just above Kaskaskia, where she will have to stay until a rise takes place in the river, or be unloaded. Captain Poe was in St. Louis on Wednesday, and says she is out about fifty feet on the bank.

THE prospect of a war in the Upper Mississippi river trade is growing as the season approaches. Com. Thompson holds the reins at present, but owners of appropriate tonnage for that trade threaten to put their boats in the St. Louis and St. Paul trade, unless the Commodore withdraws his boats now plying in the St. Louis and New Orleans trade.

A GENTLEMAN asked Superintendent John W. King, of the Kountz Line, yesterday, if the present low rates and spirited competition in the New Orleans trade would not have the effect of calling out the Commodore here to look after his interests. "No," replied the imperturable Superintendent. He never travels when rates are low; can't afford it.—*St. Louis Times.*

WHILE the steamer Shannon was on her way down on her last trip from Camden, while making a landing at Drinkgrave's landing in a dense fog, the watchman fell overboard and was drowned, although every exertion was made to save him. His name was Henry Dieman, and had been living in Louisville; supposed to have relatives living near Madison, Ind. He was about thirty-five years of age, had been some time on the boat, and was much respected by the captain and officers.

FOLLOWING boats were in port yesterday: Alice Brown, Enterprise, My Choice, Fred Wilson No. 2, Boaz, Oakland, Ella, 5 bbls liquor, G. Hodges, 5 rolls leather, W. Beitler; 2 cars wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1 car cooperage, Thos. A. Weger; 1 car flour, Hack & S; 1 do fire brick, J. Miller, 2 cars barley, Eberhard & O; 1 car lumber, H. M. McGraw & Son; 15 tons p-powder, Keasing & R; 60 sks oats, Thompson & F; 20 sacks 5 bbls flour, Crawford & S; 25 c tops, Prescott Bros; 1 box butter, 1 do eggs, J. Linder.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—21 cars coal, Sable Coal Co; 62 do, New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Co; 10 do, Pgh. Ft. W. & C. R. R. Co; 4 do, Cleveland Gas Co; 2 do, A.V. R. R. Co; 31 do, Armstrong, 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 4 do stone, Luey Fur. 5 do, Shoenberger & Co; 2 cars stone, J. Megraw; 1 do lumber, Leonard & Co.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH ELEVATOR.—3 cars barley, Spencer, McK & Co; 2 do, R. Dickey & Co; 2 do, Marshall, K. & Co; 2 do wheat, H. J. McCracken & Bro.

SCRAP IRON, &c.

W. J. HAMMOND,

DEALER IN

WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,

Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Rail-road Locomotive Tire, Old Iron and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,

Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,

W. J. Hammond,

Cor. Eleventh and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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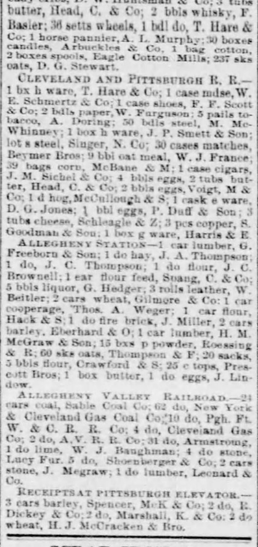

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PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.

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SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 50 Wood Street,

Have occupied their NEW BUILDING and furnished it with a NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK, to which they invite the attention of buyers.

ALEX. SPEER & SONS,

SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,

Globe Plow Works,

DUQUESNE WAY,

Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

Plows, Cultivators, Road Scoops, Shovel Moulds, Road and Grading Plows.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Window Glass

And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER ... Wood and Sash Sold.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY.—1 bbl whisky, 61 Heiderzer & Co; 2 hf bbls do, P. Walter, Jr; 15 bbls do, L. Heilbronner; 8 tres shoulders, 5 do bacon, F. Sellers & Co; 3 bxs cheese, 3 do, Kramer & S; 1 box wood, 2 bdls lumber, W. & W. Hastings; 2 bxs boots, S. A. Clark & Co; 14 pails tobacco, Herzog & B; 6 hf bbls beer, B. Brase; 1 car slack, Wm. Dilworth, Jr; 1 do rye, D. G. Stewart & Co; 10 tres hams, J. L. Dunseath & Co; 30 pails tobacco, T. J. Wallace; 1 pkg mdse, M. Sichel; 34 pkgs do, C. C. Baer; 20 do, J. W. Taylor; 15 bxs s do, T. C. Jenkins; 20 bbls p. oil, 40 sks chna, 2 bdls burlaney, 2 bxs soap, Arbuckles & Co; 2 bbls whisky, 7 bdls cribs, D. W. Huntsman & Co; 3 tubs butter, Head, C. & Co; 2 bbls whisky, F. Basler; 36 setts wheels, 1 bdl do, T. Hare & Sons; 1 horse pannier, A. L. Murphy; 30 boxes candles, Arbuckles & Co; 1 pkg mdse, 2 boxes spools, Eagle Cotton Mills; 237 sks oats, D. G. Stewart.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.—1 bx h ware, T. Hare & Co; 1 case mdse, W. E. Schmertz & Co; 1 case shoes, F. S. Scott & Co; 2 bdls paper, W. Furguson; 5 pails tobacco, A. Boring; 30 bdls steel, M. McWhinney; 1 bx h ware, J. Smeltz & Son; 1 lot s steel, Singer, N. Co; 30 cases matches, Beymer Bros; 9 bbl oat meal, W. J. France; 39 bags corn, McBane & M; 1 case cigars, J. M. Sichel & Co; 4 bbls eggs, 2 tubs butter, Head, C. & Co; 2 bbls eggs, 1 do lard, D. G. Jones; 1 bbl eggs, P. Duff & Son; 3 tubs cheese, Schleagle & Z; 3 pcs copper, S. Goodman & Son; 1 box g ware, Harris & E.

ALLEGHENY SECTION.—30 cars lumber, Mary Ann, Hercules, Tom Rees, John Gilmore, J. A. Blackmore, Maggie Smith, Storm, Fearless, Coal Hill, Ironsides, Rover, Wild Duck, Reindeer, D. Newcomb.

For Additional River News see Fourth Page.

RIVER PACKETS.

For New Albany, Evansville, Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, Natches and New Orleans.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19—4 P. M.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL STEAMER

ARLINGTON.

DAN MOORE.....Master
A. R. MCCONNELL, W. C. ACKLEY...Clerks

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, No. 12 Wood street.

GEO. H. GHRIEST, Agents.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

REGULAR PACKET—EVERY WEDNESDAY, 12 M.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID PASSENGER STEAMER

EMMA GRAHAM,

E. B. COOPER.....Master.
N. EARHART.....Clerk.

Will leave as announced.

Giving through receipts to Evansville, Nashville, Cairo, Memphis and New Orleans. No freight received after 3 o'clock P. M. on day of departure. For Freight or Passage apply on board or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, No. 13 Wood street, or GEORGE H. GHRIEST, Freights will be received at the wharfboat. S. R. & J. W. PATTERSON, Agents.

For Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Ironton and Cincinnati.

LEAVES HERE EVERY MONDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Ironton every Thursday—10 A. M.

THE FINE PASSENGER STEAMER

SALT VALLEY.

T. SANFORD.....Captain
W. A. & L. L. MADDY.....Clerks

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON, Wharfboat, foot of Wood street.

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☞TICKETS to and from any European port for all the principal lines of steamers.

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☞European Shipping News, Telegraph Office and Financial Indicator.

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MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

Only Line Carrying the American Flag. Sailing every Thursday from Philadelphia, for

QUEENSTOWN

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities are that to-day there will be light rains, southerly to westerly winds, and falling barometer, with slight changes in temperature, followed by clearing weather.

Iron City College.

Corner Penn avenue and Sixth street. Open day and evening. Students received at any time. For terms call on or address J. C. SMITH, A. M. Principal.

Not a Bankrupt.

The Jno. Wiseman that was mentioned in Saturday morning's papers that had been in bankruptcy is not Jno E. Wiseman, the English and German job printer, of No. 201 Liberty street. Mr. Wiseman says he has been and is still worth 100 cents on the dollar.

Troy Hill on the Slide.

The Troy Hill road was rendered almost entirely impassable yesterday by a large quantity of earth sliding down upon it. About eight o'clock in the morning, about one hundred cart loads of the earth above the road and a short distance above where the pipes from the water works cross the road, suddenly fell down upon the latter. It is quite likely that more will fall during the next few months.

German Fire Insurance Company.

The statement of this company, to be found in another column, is an exhibit flattering to the executive ability of those directly concerned in its management, and gratifying to those who are pecuniarily concerned in its profits. The German, which is located corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, is one to which may safely be entrusted the custody of property against loss by fire, as its risks are carefully guarded, its administration marked by economy, and its losses promptly adjusted.

Administrator's Sale.

Reference to another column will inform machinists and capitalists of the sale on Thursday, February 3d, 1876, of the Monongahela Foundry, Machine and Mill Furnishing Shops, of the estate of Wm. J. Anderson, deceased, No 39 Water street. The establishment is constructed in an improved and scientific manner, with large and small planing machines, and an extensive variety of patterns of almost every proportion. A full and complete outfit of Flasks, Rings, Frame Boards, &c., for carrying on a successful foundry. One of the best constructed core ovens in the State. This establishment has facilities for business not surpassed by any in the city.

Committee Organizations.

The following committees met and organized in Municipal Hall on Saturday: Allegheny Wharf, Wm. A. Herron, chairman. Regular meetings on the 5th of each month at 7½ p. m. Retrenchment and Reform, P. Foley, chairman. Meet at call of the presiding officer. Claims and Accounts, T. W. Nisbet, chairman. Meet at call of the chairman. Monongahela Wharf, Leonard Hahn, chairman. Meet on the 5th of each month.

At the meeting of the Police Committee John A. Ryan and W. W. Thomas were nominated for chairman. The former was elected by a vote of 11 to 6. The 2d of each month was fixed as the day for regular meetings. An appropriation of $200,000 was asked for, $7,000 less than last year.

County Fire Statistics.

The report of the Fire Marshal for the quarter ending January 1st, inst., shows that the alleged gross loss from fires during that period was $80,134.70. The amount insured was $189,550. The insurance loss was $66,482.60. About $40,000 of the insurance loss resulted from fires in boroughs, townships and outer hill wards of the cities, where fire apparatus could not be made available, leaving but $26,000 chargeable to the portions of the city where the fire department can operate effectively. The total loss since the last annual report, from March 22, 1875, to Jan. 1, 1876, is stated as follows: Alleged gross loss $517,-658.70; amount of insurance, $1,067,613.45; insurance paid, $391,853.31. Amount of insurance paid from March 22, to January 1, say $100,000. Total insurance loss for the year 1875, $491,853.31.

H. and M. Insurance Company.

A statement of the Manufacturers and Merchants Insurance Company will be found in another part of this paper, to which the attention of stockholders and those insured in this reliable company is requested, as exhibiting a clear and satisfactory account of this well-conducted institution during the year just closed. Those insured in this company are reminded by this statement of the almost absolute security of the property entrusted to the keeping of this institution, while those not yet numbered among its patrons are assured that the utmost caution and prudence are observed in assuming risk, that the strictest economy controls its management, that its investments are governed by safety and reliability, and its losses adjusted with satisfactory liberality and promptitude, and that its Secretary, James M. Kenney, is an officer without a superior for the qualities of affability, courtesy, integrity and careful attention to the duties of his position.

Obituary.

Our sister city loses one of its most promising young men by the death of Mr. Manoah Baxter Strasser, which occurred since our last issue, at the residence of his parents on West Jefferson street. Mr. Strasser last June graduated with high honors from the Scientific Department of the Western University, in the engineering department, he was a very close student, of fine abilities and great perseverance, and to his excessive application to study, may be attributed the aggravation of the disease, consumption, which finally caused his death. He was a member of the Union Methodist Episcopal church of Allegheny, and several times during his sickness expressed his desire to die among his old associates. His first serious illness occurred in April, when he was compelled to discontinue his studies for a time, but rejoined his class a short time before commencement. After this he gradually grew worse, until he expired on Saturday morning last. His premature death will be mourned by a large circle of friends, to whom his kind, obliging disposition had greatly endeared him. The funeral will take place at two o'clock this afternoon.

Charged With Fraud.

A bill in equity was filed in the Common Pleas Court No. 2, on Saturday, by Messrs. A. H. Miller and S. B. Raymond, on behalf of the Oakland Passenger Railway Company, Thomas Mellor, D. W. C. Bidwell and Christopher Zug, against Margaret McDevitt, administratrix, and James McDevitt, administrator of John McDevitt, deceased, Springer Harbaugh, Adam Reineman, Charles Meyran and others. It is set forth in the bill, that on the 20th day of November, 1863, the defendants procured the passage of a resolution instructing the directors of the Oakland Railway Company to have a mortgage drawn upon the railway, stock, franchises, &c., to secure the payment of certain bonds of the Company to be issued, and dated December 13th, 1863, the proceeds of the sale of the bonds to be used for the necessary expenses of the road, and also for the purchase of such stock of the company, at a discount of ten per cent as holders thereof should be willing to sell. It is alleged by complainants that after the passage of this resolution the defendants and John McDevitt made sham transfers of their stock in order that their exchange for bonds aboard at time might appear to be done by strangers. The defendants thus procured bonds to the par value for stock that was comparatively worthless, and the orators allege that the defendants did this in order to cheat and defraud complainants, who are creditors of the company. So much of the mortgage as stands for security for the company's bonds, issued and delivered in exchange of the company's stock, plaintiffs allege was and continues to be a fraud upon the orators, and upon the creditors of the company. Court is asked to decree the mortgages fraudulent and void, and to compel the defendants to pay to the company such sum or sums as they should have paid for the bonds, and to refund and repay all interest received thereon; also that the defendants be decreed to be trustees *ex maleficio* of the orators of so much of the said mortgage as is security for bonds received by them, or for their use, directly or indirectly, in exchange for stock, and lastly, that the defendants, as well as all others who may be parties defendant to this bill, be restrained, first by preliminary injunction and after hearing by perpetual injunction from selling or causing to be sold, the property described in the mortgage until the defendants have purged themselves of the fraud aforesaid.

SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS.

An Old Gentleman Fatally Injured By a Fall.

An icy sidewalk in Allegheny was the cause of the death of an old gentleman in that city during the past week. On Tuesday, Mr. Martin Steffert, while walking along Fulton street, slipped upon the ice and fell. One of his legs was very badly injured, and he had to be carried to the residence of his son-in-law, No. 122 Lake street, and medical aid summoned. The physician found that the bone of the leg was so badly shattered that it was impossible to reduce the fracture. All that was possible was done, but on Thursday evening he died. Deceased was seventy-three years of age, and leaves a wife and several children. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Gentleman Killed by a Coal Train at Braddocks.

A gentleman named Hen. E. Lippert while walking on the railroad track at Braddocks, about 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, was struck by a coal train, receiving injuries which caused his death in a few minutes. The deceased was 45 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children residing at Wilkinsburg. He was formerly a minister of the gospel, but has been for some time past a teacher of music. Coroner McClaille was notified yesterday, and summoned a jury, but the inquest was deferred until to-day.

Marion Harland in her new cook book "Breakfast, Luncheon and Tea," recommends the use of Prepared or Self Raising Flour in preference to Cream of Tartar and Soda.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Report of the Proceedings in the Courts Saturday.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless).

Gosline & Wachtle, bankrupts, Venango county. The rule on the assignee to show cause why the proof of claim by W. A. Bigelow should not be withdrawn, was, after argument, made absolute.

James McNeil and Thomas McNeil, debtors, Pittsburgh. A meeting of the creditors was ordered for the 4th prox., before Register Harper, to consider a proposition for settlement.

R. T. Martin, bankrupt, Erie county. The assignees' report of the sale of certain real estate presented and confirmed.

Octavus Abbey, of Erie county, filed a petition for the adjudication in bankruptcy of himself. An order was made restraining certain execution creditors.

John T. Lindig, of Lock Haven, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Referred to Register Smith.

George W. Ahl and John C. McClintock, of Allegheny county, partners as Ahl & Co., filed a petition for the adjudication in bankruptcy of themselves. Referred to Register Harper. Composition meeting ordered on the 31st inst. before said Register.

Schaal, Hoeveler & Co., bankrupts, Pittsburgh. Petition for discharge presented and final hearing ordered before Register Harper on the 10th prox.

D. C. Erhart, bankrupt, Blair county. The assignees' return of the sale of certain real estate confirmed *nisi*.

Reese, Perry & Co., Crawford county, bankrupts. Petition for discharge presented and the usual order made for final hearings before Register Rogers on the 8th prox.

Charles Terheyden, bankrupt, Allegheny City. Meeting of creditors ordered on the 31 prox., before Register Shafer, to consider a proposition for settlement.

Louder & Steeley, bankrupts, Blair county. Alexander Robb, Sheriff, was appointed special commissioner, to sell certain personal property.

Andrew Knipschild, bankrupt, Allegheny City. A restraining order was issued against J. C. Thompson et al., and the hearing on a motion for an injunction fixed for the 27th inst.

Mahoning Iron Company, bankrupt, Pittsburgh. The election of William H. Wakefield, of Pittsburgh, as assignee, was approved.

United States vs. John McCloskey. An argument was had on the rule to show cause why the judgment obtained against the defendant should not be opened, by Mr. Large for and Mr. Reed against the same. The decision of the Court was reserved.

U. S. Circuit Court.

(Before Judge McKennan.)

This Court was in session for a short time on Saturday. The only thing of importance transacted was the rendering of a decision by Judge McKennan in the case of A. C. Finney vs. Y. Cassinova. This was a case in which the plaintiff sought to obtain his interest—$8,600—in a judgment obtained by defendant and others against the Darby Coal Company for thirty odd thousand dollars, the interest claimed by plaintiff having been assigned to him by one of the parties obtaining the judgment. The Court decided in favor of plaintiff for the amount claimed as interest. The proceedings were exceedingly irregular, the testimony having all been taken and the case submitted simply on a rule on defendant to show cause. His Honor, however, decided that as the proceedings partook of all the essential qualities of a bill in equity, as both sides were equally blamable for irregularities, and as the case was a very clear one, to file his opinion the same as if a suit in equity had been brought.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge Sterrett.)

The following sentences were passed Saturday on persons convicted during the week:

John Sullivan, convicted of assault and battery, but commended to the mercy of the Court, was fined 6¼ cents and costs.

Edward Irwin for felonious assault was sentenced to pay a fine of 6¼ cents and costs, to Work House for 15 days and to give bonds in $500 to keep the peace for one year.

John Simon, convicted of *forniz et cet.*, received the same sentence, $25 to the Guardians of the Poor, $30 for lying in expenses, and support of the child.

Andrew Hanlin and Benjamin Casey, convicted of larceny, were sentenced to pay a fine of 6¼ cents and to the Workhouse for fifteen months.

M. B. Emmett, for larceny by bailee to pay costs and go to the Workhouse for three months.

Turner Johnston, alias Turner Harrison, for felonious assault and battery on an officer, was sentenced to pay costs and to the Workhouse for nine months.

Thomas J. Taylor for selling liquor on Sunday was sentenced to pay a fine of $200, in default of which to go jail for ninety days.

Philip Morris for felonious assault and battery was fined $25 and cos s.

Chas. Redden and Wm. Kellar for larceny and receiving stolen goods were sentenced to pay 6¼ cents and costs and to the Work House for 6 months each. The same parties for entering a building with intent to commit a felony were sent to the Work House for one year each.

David Mattus for larceny and receiving stolen goods was sentenced to the Work House for two years.

Patrick Collins convicted of larceny, but recommended to the mercy of the Court, was sentenced to pay a fine of 6¼ cents and to the Workhouse for thirty days.

James Kaiser for assault and battery was sentenced to pay costs and to the Workhouse for sixty days.

Sentence was suspended in the case of John Samuels, convicted of larceny.

T. G. Steinhauser for selling liquor on Sunday was sentenced to pay a fine of $200, in default of payment of which to go jail for ninety days.

Sentence was suspended in the case of Mary Jane Smith, convicted of larceny, who was released on her own recognizance for $300.

William Davis for *forniz et cet.*, was sentenced to pay $25 to Guardians of Poor, $30 for lying in expenses, and $6 per month for support of child for five years.

Trial List for To-day

Commonwealth vs.
T. P. Byrne,
Geo. Thompson,
J. M. Jacobs 2,
John Byrnd,
Croft & Phillips,
Chas. Harbaugh,
John Sheady,
John Lahr,
Thos. Murdock et al.
Jacob Hoagby,
John Hurley,
Michael Quinn,
Jesse Fritz et al.,
Fred Stotla,
Thos. Farrar et al.,
Chas. Linderstelec,
Jas. D. McDade,
Albert Steep,
Wm. Wagner,
Hugh Cornan,
Mathew Fay,
Jas. Grady,
Jennie West,
Edward Henle,
Ed. Shore et al.

Common Pleas Court No. 1.

(Before Judges Stowe and Collier.)

The Hazlewood Building and Loan Association was granted leave to sell certain real estate.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Jonathan Garrard, the account of assignee was confirmed absolutely, and H. A. Collins appointed auditor.

Emma H. Boyd by her next friend vs. John M. Boyd. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

Wesly Greer vs. John S. Shafer. Motion and reasons for new trial *ex parte* plaintiff.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of H. Reiger to Wm. Oppenheimer. Account of assignee confirmed absolutely.

Cora J. Ahl, by her next friend, vs. Wm. A. Ahl. Rule on libellant to show cause why allowance should not be reduced.

Elizabeth Bickert, by her next friend, vs. A. Rickert *alias* Francis Augustus Rickert. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

B. S. Heath was allowed to adopt Augustus Brill, Jr., as child and heir.

Wm. Speer vs. Mary Agnes Speer. Subpœna in divorce awarded.

The Duquesne Glass Company applied for a decree of dissolution. Publication was ordered.

John Post was appointed Judge of Elections in the Twenty-seventh ward, second precinct.

The petition of the Hazlewood Building and Loan Association, to sell certain real estate, was granted.

Trial List for To-day.

226. Smith vs. Boliman.
201. Sheridan vs. Bracken.
64. Gordon vs. Barton et al.
81. Fell et al. vs. Koerner et al.
89. Willock vs. Thompson.
99. Porte vs. Dervy.
167. McCiurkan vs. Brown et al.
109. Street vs. Rhoads.
112. Donahue vs. Keiling.
115. Fullinger vs. Hosley.
125. Bernald et al. vs. The Fame Insurance Company.
126. Same vs. Same.
127. Kruz et al. vs. Hare.
128. Kolb vs. Sampson.
129. Lacey vs. Adler et al.

Common Pleas Court No. 2.

(Before Judges Ewing and Kirkpatrick.)

Clara Burlock, by her next friend, vs. Samuel S. Burlock. Hans B. Herron, Esq., was appointed Commissioner to take testimony.

A preliminary injunction was granted in the case of Polly Fowler vs. David Powell and David Green. The injunction is granted to restrain defendants from digging into plaintiff's lot, adjoining that of defendant, in order to tap a sewer pipe.

A preliminary injunction was granted in the case of Oakland Passenger Railway Company et al. vs. McDevitt et al.

In the matter of the application of the First Baptist church, of Verona, for a charter of incorporation, a consideration of it was postponed until the 22d inst.

Trial List for To-day.

113. Ripper vs. Crown.
134. Wheeler vs. The Loyalhanna Coal and Coke Co.
18. Welham vs. McPhillamy.
154. City of Allegheny vs. Johnson.
84. The City of Pittsburgh vs. Crawford.
144. McKenney & Co. vs. The Tenth Ward Bank.
197. Mevey vs. Gearing et al.
198. Weaver vs. Ferson et al.
2. Wallace et al. vs. Murray.
4. Corey vs. Briggs, executor.
5. Hay vs. Willard, owner.
6. Addis vs. The City of Pittsburgh.
10. Potts vs. Knowlson.

Orphans' Court.

(Before Judge Hawkins.)

Cornelius Scully, guardian of Kate Guthrie et al., was granted leave to join in private sale of the real estate of his wards.

Estate of Henry Maloney, deceased. Jas. B. Orr, purchaser of the real estate of decedent, was allowed the amount of a municipal lien paid by him.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencillings of Passing Events.

····A traveling salesman is advertised for in to-day's paper by a responsible house.

····Excursion tickets to the inauguration will be issued to-morrow by the Pennsylvania railroad.

····Some of the exhibitors are discontented with the award of premiums at the poultry show.

····The Duquesne Greys will take two hundred men to Harrisburg to-morrow. They will be accompanied by the new Eighteenth regiment band.

····Two hundred Indiana editors and their wives passed through the city on Saturday on their way to Philadelphia to inspect the Centennial buildings.

····The members of the Allegheny Poor Board who are to attend the convention of Poor Authorities in Altoona on Wednesday will leave on Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock.

····The Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Nineteenth regiments leave at ten o'clock to-night for Harrisburg. The train will consist of twelve cars and two sleeping coaches.

····A number of valuables and several articles of wearing apparel were stolen a few days ago from the residence of Mrs. Oglesby, on Thirtieth street, between Spruce and Smallman streets.

····Parties competent and seeking employment are directed to our column of "Wants," where those wishing the position of a traveling salesman, in the saddlery hardware trade may find something to their advantage.

····A delegation of Alleghenians started for Harrisburg last evening for the double purpose of being present at the inauguration and to interview the Governor in relation to the appointment of Captain Tyson as Sealer of Weights and Measures.

····A rumor was current on Saturday night that General Pearson, who was attacked by paralysis a few days ago, was dead. Upon investigation it proved to be without foundation. The General was better on Saturday but worse yesterday.

····Co. I, Fourteenth Regiment, has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Flavel Harry; Vice President, F. V. Hite; Financial Secretary, Robert A. Dickson; Recording Secretary, S. C. Bennet; Treasurer, John A. Fox; Armorer, Thomas Connors.

····There were eleven common cases before Mayor Pulling yesterday morning. Four were discharged, three committed to jail for 48 hours each, one, Mathias Bauers, sent to the Work House for 30 days in default of $25 fine for abusing his wife, and the other three paid fines of $1 and costs.

····Nineteen freight cars, containing the contributions of China and Japan to the Centennial, passed through the city on Saturday on their way to Philadelphia. A number of Japan and Chinese houses are included among the things, and will be erected by native workmen who accompany them.

····On Saturday morning Sheriff Thompson, of Washington county, lodged in the Western Penitentiary two colored men for larceny, fourteen months two more for uttering, five with intent to commit a felony, six years and ten months each, and one white man seven years and two months for horse stealing.

····The Allegheny City Teacher's Institute on Saturday elected the following officers for the ensuing year: Vice President, S. C. Farrer; Secretary, W. A. Maloney; Treasurer, John Collier; Executive Committee, T. Smith, S. A. Espy, Mary Cassidy, Finance Committee, W. J. Moore head, John Morrow, S. A. Espy.

····A special meeting of R. W. Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., will be held on Monday, the 31st inst., at 3 P. M., at Germania Hall, for the purpose of admitting Past Grands and Representatives in Lodges in Grand Lodge. At seven o'clock in the evening another meeting of the Lodge will be held for the purpose of exemplifying the work of the order.

····A coal miner, named Thomas Metcalf, working in one of the Castle Shannon mines, was caught in a fall of coal "by the back," on Saturday, and seriously, probably fatally injured. When rescued life was nearly extinct. He was removed to his residence near Bell's tavern, on Saw Mill Run, and medical assistance promptly procured.

····A valuable bay horse was stolen early on Saturday morning from the stable of Mr. S. A. Duff, in Chartiers township. Later on the day it was discovered, Cupples and Long, who had been informed of the robbery and were on the alert for the thief, discovered Wm. McElroy endeavoring to dispose of the animal in the Diamond. He was arrested and lodged with an apartment in the Central Police Station.

····An invitation to visit the Poultry show was extended last week by the officers of the Association to the various Orphan Asylums of the city. To-day the children of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, accompanied by the managers of the institution, will avail themselves of the generous invitation. At the present time there are some two hundred and fifty orphans in this establishment, ranging from two to twelve years of age.

····Shortly after seven o'clock last evening two horses ran away with a street car on Fifth avenue extension. They jerked the vehicle off the track and one of them, detaching itself, ran down High street, where it was caught by the basement of a house and was so badly injured that it had to be killed. The accident created considerable excitement in that locality, and the awkward and uncomfortable situation of the horse attracted many spectators.

····The following officers of Mineral Valley Castle No. 52, Ancient Order Knights of the Mystic Chain, were installed at Turtle Creek on Friday evening: P. C., J. B. Holland; C. K. C., Wm. Morcom; K. F. & E., Wm. Hodgson; S. K. F. S., John Pherson; S. K. I. G., Fred. Hahn; Chaplain, Samuel S. Stoud; S. K. V. C., A. Kidd; S. K. R. & C. S., M. V. B. Gruver; S. K. P., Henry Barnhardt; S. K. I. G., William Pherson; Trustees, James Peterson, Sam. S. Stoud, M. V. B. Gruver; Rep. Sam. S. Stoud; Alternate, M. V. B. Gruver.

····On Saturday night an alleged disreputable house, kept by Clara Myers, at No. 158 Water street, opposite the Connellsville depot, and known as the "Limited Exchange"—heaven save the mark!—was pulled by the Mayor's police. The persons of most importance who were arrested were the proprietress and the celebrated Ben Hogan, who, some time ago, was given an hour to leave the city. They were both fined $100 and costs. Myers liquidated her fine, but Benjamin has not yet done so, and the prospects are that he will go to Claremont for sixty days.

····A young lady, daughter of Alden F. Gardner, Esq., of Crescent township, was accidentally drowned Friday morning, near Shonestown. She had gone to a run near the house to get a pail of water, and from her absent a considerable time, search was made for her, and she was found lying with her face in the water, dead. She was subject to epileptic fits, and it is supposed she was taken with one when stooping to dip up the water. The Coroner was notified, but under the circumstances—the parents being satisfied as to the cause of her death—did not consider an inquest necessary.

····About two weeks ago a man applied for boarding at the house of Mrs. Diamond, on Wylie avenue. He stated that he had no money, but had a situation at Hostetter's, and could pay on the 15th of the month. Upon these terms he was received by the landlady. On Saturday evening he failed to make his appearance at the usual hour, and nothing has been seen or heard of him since. Not being satisfied with skipping his two weeks' board, he returned, and sneakingly entered the house during the evening, and took a quantity of clothing belonging to one of the boarders, amounting to the sum of $15 or $20.

····On Saturday evening while the boarders at Mrs. Hemingray's, on Third avenue, were at tea, a sneak thief entered the parlor, and appropriated two valuable overcoats, the property of Messrs. James and Charley Black, sons of Alderman Black, of the Second ward. There were three overcoats in the sofa, one of which was a little scuffed, and possibly on this account the thief generously overlooked it. The coat belonging to James Black had in the pockets a pair of fine seal skin gloves. A search was made through the different pawn offices for the stolen garments, but without success. One or two parties are suspected of the theft, and if guilty will certainly be brought to justice, as no effort will be spared to that end.

PERSONAL.

***Larimer W. Jones leaves for the West on next Monday.

***Superintendent Atkinson, of the water works, is sick in bed.

***John McCullough at the Opera House this evening as Richard III.

***General Joe Browne will have charge of the Allegheny county military at the inaugural to-morrow.

***Walter Morris is the new Secretary of the Citizens Insurance Company. He was formerly book-keeper of the Allemannia.

***Capt. W. P. Aull, of Co. F, Duquesne Greys, was presented on Saturday evening by the members of his company with a handsome sword and sash.

***Alderman Krehan, of the South Side, was unfortunate enough to fall on the ice a few evenings ago and injure himself sufficiently to interfere with his pedestrianating ability.

***Mr. D. M. Jenkins, the well known Fifth avenue tea importer, who broke one of his limbs several weeks ago, will make his first appearance since the accident at his store to-day.

***Bob Grier is located, according to the latest reports, in Peru, where he is in the service of one Meigs, contractor for the construction of a railroad from Lima over the Andes mountains.

***Dr. A. H. Gross, President of Select Council, is very ill. He was suddenly taken sick on Friday, while in the Controller's office, and had to be removed to his residence in a carriage. His condition was the subject of the most considerate attention of eight physicians yesterday afternoon. The nature of his ailment our reporter did not learn.

The "Wine of Life" can only be kept free from adulteration or impoverishment by perpetuating thorough digestion and a regular action of the kidneys and bowels. A morbid habit of body tends to derange digestion, divert the bile from the proper channels into the circulation, and thus render it bou watery and impure. Deficient action of bo causes blood poisoning. When and DAM AROMATIC

THE SOUTH SIDE TRAGEDY.

Flemm Examined Before Deputy Mayor Hoerr, and Committed for Trial—Some Testimony that Apparently Indicates the Shooting Was Not Accidental.

Joseph Flemm, who shot and killed Miss Palling, on the South Side, last Wednesday evening, had a hearing before Deputy Mayor Hoerr Saturday afternoon, on a charge of murder. The occurrence is of so recent date that it is not necessary to explain it. It may be mentioned, however, that Flemm claimed the shooting was accidental, and the Coroner's jury so decided.

The first witness called on Saturday was Mrs. Smith, Miss Palling's mother. Her testimony was not different from what she gave before the Coroner's jury, and threw no additional light on the case.

Charles Palling, a lad ten years of age, brother of the deceased, made a statement, not being sworn because he did not know the nature of an oath. He was with his mother in the back room when the shooting occurred, and heard no noise before the shot was fired.

Mrs. Heyl, a neighbor who was not present at the Coroner's examination, testified as follows:

"Live across the street from Mrs. Smith; was in her house after the shooting; before the shooting I was in the yard; about eleven o'clock I was getting ready to go to bed when Mrs. Gould's girl came to my house and told me to come over quick, as there had been a shot fired at Smith's; went over, and just as I got to the door below I heard a shot, and heard Mrs. Smith scream; stopped at the door; heard some one coming down; it was Flemm; he went down as far as Cunningham's alley; didn't notice his appearance; it was not light enough to see his face; I didn't go up stairs right away; I went away and when I came back several persons were standing there and we went up; deceased was lying with her feet to the fire and her head toward the bed; she was lying parallel with the bed; thought she had been shot; seen blood running from her mouth and nose; she was not dead; went out several times, but was there off and on until four o'clock; couldn't tell exactly when she died, but it was in the morning; couldn't say when I had seen her before; I was called by Mrs. Gould's girl; yes, President, Flemm had been a shot up stairs before I heard one; heard a noise as if I went into Gould's door; it took me about five minutes to get there." Here Mr. Crawford objected to taking hearsay regarding the alleged first shot, saying it was no evidence.

The next witness, and as will be seen a very important one, was Dr. Rahauser. He testified: "I was called in about half-past ten o'clock that night to attend the case; the girl was lying on the floor with her head bent over and bleeding from internal hemorrhage; I wasn't allowed to make a *post mortem* examination; when I arrived I made an examination and found she could not live; a hemorrhage had given an effect as to what caused death; my impression was hemorrhage was caused by a pistol ball; there was no evidence, externally, of any wound; generally my judge of the condition by the eyes; the pupil of the eye in this case, was dilated, indicating a loss of blood; the other eye protruded, showing it was collapsed inside; there was no other injury externally; a pistol ball could not have entered without showing on the eye; in such case it would have been pricking, which it was not; the eye was affected from the inside; if the pistol had been thrust into the mouth, it would probably have produced this result; there was no abrasion of the skin or any part of the face. I was not allowed to make a *post mortem* examination by the coroner's jury; the hemorrhage could not have been produced from any but a violent cause; the deceased died from internal hemorrhage; there was no other cause of death that I could detect; the cause of the hemorrhage is obscure. I told Father Dufner he had better get through with his services as she would die in an hour or two; she died in a couple of hours afterward.

Cross-examined—There was no wound about the face that I could detect; the eyeball was collapsed, but intact; made the examination in a short time after she was shot, and while she was still living; she was bleeding principally from the mouth; didn't have a chance to demonstrate the extent of her injury; her death could not have resulted from a natural cause; hemorrhage could not come on spontaneously—don't know *where* the ball entered; I had no authority to make an examination; it laid with the jury whether to have it made or not; the jury didn't request it; there was no indication that the ball had entered at the mouth; none of the teeth were broken, and there was no abrasion of the skin about the face.

A number of other witnesses were examined. The only thing important elicited from them was that Flemm made very contradictory statements as to how the shooting occurred. He first stated that Miss Palling had the pistol in her own hands, but afterward admitted that he had it in his own.

An attempt was made to prove that a quarrel had occurred between Flemm and Miss Palling, but the question was not definately decided.

Upon the conclusion of the testimony the prisoner was committed to jail to await trial at the next term of Court on a charge of murder.

THE WATER COMMITTEE.

Saturday Night Session—Clerk Elected, &c.

A meeting of the Water Committee was held on Saturday evening in Municipal Hall, Dr. McCandless in the chair. The 4th of each month was fixed as the time for regular meetings. Messrs. Glass, Hunter and Hughes were appointed to confer with the City Property Committee and endeavor to secure better apartments for the meeting of the Water Committees, the Water Assessor's room being very much cramped. The idea is to get one of the more spacious rooms in the upper part of the building. A number of applications from indigent parties for exemption from payment of water tax were granted.

An election of a Clerk was the next business before the committee, and Messrs. James McGaffin, R. L. Hamilton and Sam. J. Fleming were nominated. Three ballots were taken. On the first McGaffin received 8 votes, Hamilton 6 and Fleming 2. On the second McGaffin 7, Hamilton 7 and Fleming 2. On the third McGaffin 5, Hamilton 10 and Fleming 1. Hamilton was elected. He is the old clerk, and a very efficient and obliging one. The election of engineers of the water works was postponed until the 28th inst., also the announcement of sub committees.

The question was raised whether, since the City Engineer is to take charge of the completion of the new water works, an assistant for him should not be elected. The matter some debate the matter was postponed. The committee concluded, after discussion, that the City Engineer should report to it the Councils relative to the progress of the additional work that has been assigned him.

The appropriation to be asked for was fixed at $120,000, being $10,000 greater than last year, and the committee adjourned.

Important Notice.

Having secured the services of a first-class workman we are prepared to repair all damaged Pianos, re-varnish, polish and improve the tone, action, and in every particular renovate them. This is important to many who have instruments damaged by frost, heat or use. We guarantee to give the same finish as when new.

MELLOR & HOENE,
79 Fifth avenue.

WEDDING GIFTS.
FRESH IMPORTATION OF
BRONZES,
Clocks, Side Pieces and Groups.
JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS,
93 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.

MARRIED.

LESTER—KEYSER—On Thursday evening, January 13, at 1418 Chestnut street, St. Louis, by Rev. Mr. Van Anda, Mr. JACOB LESTER and Miss MARY E. KEYSER, step-daughter of Isaac Smith.

DIED.

SKILES—On the morning of the 16th, at the residence of Mr. Robert D. Clark, No. 267 Western avenue, Allegheny City, Miss JANE F. SKILES, in the 55th year of her age.

Funeral TUESDAY, the 18th, at 2½ o'clock, P. M.

LIPPERT—On Saturday, the 15th inst., Rev. HENRY E. LIPPERT, killed by a train.

Funeral from the Presbyterian Church, Wilkinsburg, on TUESDAY, on the arrival of the train leaving the Union Depot at 1:41 P. M.

JACOBY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue, Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS
FLOWERS! FLOWERS!
FLOWERS of the finest quality, for Weddings, Banquets, Receptions, &c., in every desired style. Also, Canary Birds, Gold Fish, Bird Cages, Fern Cases, Christmas Trees, Ground Pine Wreathing, Hartford Fern, Autumn Leaves, Aquaria, Ornamental Grasses, Immortelles, Bird Seed, Bird's Nests, &c., &c., &c. Floral Decorations a Specialty. Estimates furnished when requested.
J. R. & A. MURDOCH, Florists, 112 Smithfield street (opposite the Postoffice).

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
ASSETS, $4,686,812.96.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth Avenue.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Certificate No. 1, PITTSBURGH & ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY (Hand street), issued June 21, 1847, to Charles Avery for Forty-two (42) shares, has been lost, and that application will be made to the President and Managers of said Bridge Company for a new Certificate. z16

$57.60 AGENTS' PROFITS PER WEEK.—Will prove it or forfeit $500. New articles are just patented. Samples sent free to all. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 367 Broadway, N. Y. s27-d58

POTATOES—100 BUSHELS CHOICE EARLY ROSE in store and for sale by J. GARNER, D. [illegible] 1 WOOD ST.

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, January 16, 1876.

Twenty-one feet two inches; rising. Light rain and foggy.

CAIRO, January 16, 1876.

Arrived—Atlantic, St. Louis, 8 P. M.; Eddyville, Nashville, 3 A. M.; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 3 P. M.; Nail City, St. Louis, 5; Sam Brown, St. Louis, 6. Departed—Belle Memphis, Memphis, 1 P. M.; Susie Silver, New Orleans, 3 A. M.; Arkansas Belle, Evansville, 5 P. M.; Nail City, Wheeling, 6. River 21 feet 5 inches; falling. Raining; mercury 46.

EVANSVILLE, January 16, 1876.

Cloudy and raining; mercury 39 to 47. River stationary, with 13 3-10 feet on the gauge. Up—H. S. Turner, 7:30 P. M.; Cherokee, 1 A. M.; Thos. Sherlock, 7; Red Cloud and Vint Shinkle, 9; Pat Cleburne, 9:30 P. M. Down—Louisville, 7 A. M.; Grey Eagle, 4 P. M.; Bowling Green, 5. Business moderate.

ST. LOUIS, January 16, 1876.

Arrived—Leopard and barges, New Orleans; Boyd, Peoria; Colorado, Vicksburg; Bee and barges, Lower River; City, Chester, Memphis; Gilmore and barges, Cairo. Departed—None. River falling, and channel to Cairo in bad condition. Cloudy and warm; heavy rain this morning.

LOUISVILLE, January 16, 1876.

Cool and cloudy. Arrived—Houston and Parker, Cincinnati; Etna, Pomeroy. Departed—Parker, Memphis. Eight feet nine inches in canal and six feet nine inches on falls.

MEMPHIS, January 16, 1876.

The river is falling rapidly. Cool, and raining steadily since yesterday afternoon. Departed—City of Quincy, late last night, St. Louis.

BY MAIL.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* of Saturday says: Capt. Ik. Whitaker and Capt. Dan McAleer arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday in advance of the towboats Hornet No. 2 and Sam Clark. The John L. Rhodes arrived from New Orleans yesterday morning, and discharged 250 tons here. She proceeded to Pittsburgh last evening with nearly 350 tons. Pilots, James Rowley and Jos. Alexander.

For Rent.

First class country residences at Emsworth, six miles from the city, on P., F. W. & C. R. R. House has eight rooms, marble mantels, hot and cold water bath room and W. C. furnace, &c., &c.; is almost new, and has half an acre of ground attached. Will be rented for one year on a term of years to a reliable tenant. Apply to G. W. SPENCER,
254 Penn avenue.

TO LET.

TO LET—LARGE, COMMODIOUS AND well furnished ROOMS, with or without Board, at No. 26 Anderson street, Allegheny.

TO LET—
The executors of the estate of Washington McClintock, deceased, offer the following for rent, at low rates, viz.:

1st. The LARGE BRICK MANSION, containing ten rooms—also, a brick Stable.

2d. The house at the head of Buena Vista street, on the Perrysville Plank Road, in Second ward, Allegheny—being in city, and yet having the pure air of the country.

2d. The HANDSOME FRAME RESIDENCE, containing eight rooms, wash room and bath room, with city gas; also, stable, situated same as the above. Inquire of
OLIVER MCCLINTOCK & CO.,
Carpet Store, 33 Fifth avenue,
Pittsburgh.

90:2

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM WITH GOOD BOARDING, at No. 148 THIRD AVENUE.

TO LET—ROOM SECOND FLOOR front, No. 1 Sixth street, now Sewing Machine Sales Room. Desirable for business or office.

TO-LET—NO. 141 SMITHFIELD STREET, the four-story brick building, 24x60, now occupied by G. J. Young & Sons as picture store and shoe case factory. Inquire of A. STEINMEYER, 139 Smithfield street.

TO-LET—WOOD ST